

## AOD404

### N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

#### General Description

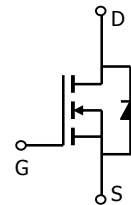
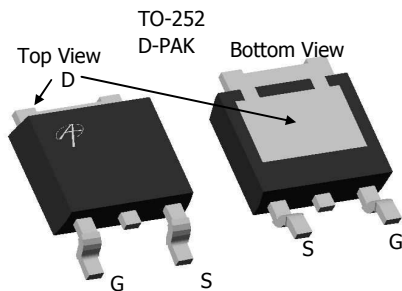
The AOD404 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and low gate resistance. This device is ideally suited for use as a high side switch in CPU core power conversion.

- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen Free\*

#### Features

- $V_{DS}$  (V) = 30V
- $I_D$  = 85A ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 7m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)
- $R_{DS(ON)} < 8m\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 4.5V)

**UIS TESTED!**  
**Rg, Ciss, Coss, Crss Tested**



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 12$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>B,G</sup>	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}^G$	85
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}^B$	65
Pulsed Drain Current	$I_{DM}$	200	A
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	30	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}^C$	$E_{AR}$	120	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	100
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	50
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	2.5
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	1.6
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$

#### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	$t \leq 10\text{s}$	14.2	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>		Steady-State	39	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>C</sup>	$R_{\theta JL}$	0.8	1.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
B <sub>V</sub> DSS	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			1 5	μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = ±12V			100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	1	1.6	2	V
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V	85			A
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		5.4 8.4	7 10.5	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		6.6	8	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		90		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.74	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				85	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz		2100	2520	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			536		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			165	231	pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	0.5	0.95	1.2	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g(4.5V)</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		19.7	24	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			3.6		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			7.9		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, R <sub>L</sub> =0.75Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω		5.9	10	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			11	17	ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime			36.2	55	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			12	18	ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=100A/μs		35	42	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=100A/μs		33	50	nC

A: The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The Power dissipation P<sub>DSM</sub> is based on steady-state R<sub>θJA</sub> and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C. The value in any a given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature fo 175°C may be used if the PCB or heatsink allows it.

B: The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175°C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175°C.

D: The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

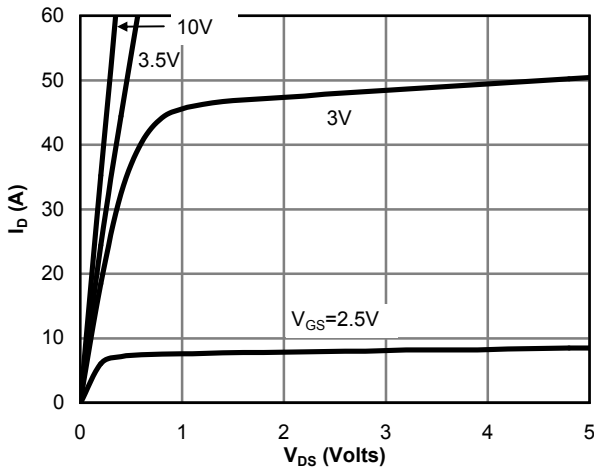
G: The maximum current rating is limited by the package current capability.

\*This device is guaranteed green after data code 8X11 (Sep 1<sup>ST</sup> 2008).

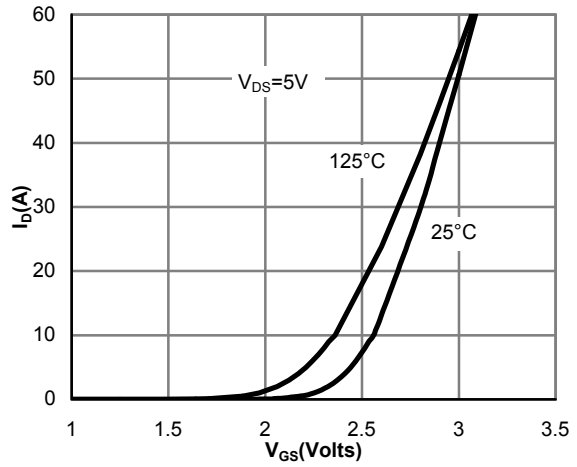
Rev 8: Sep 2008

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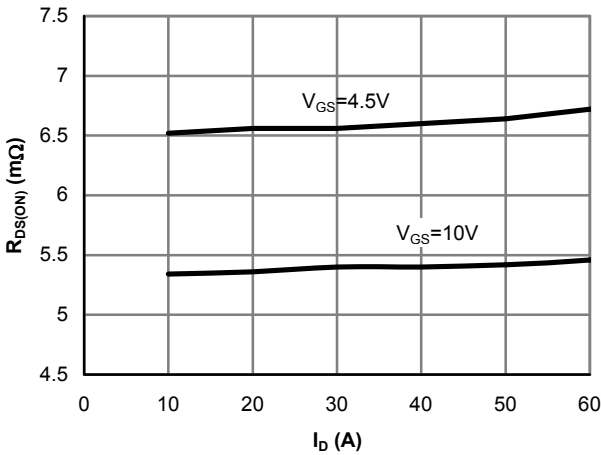
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



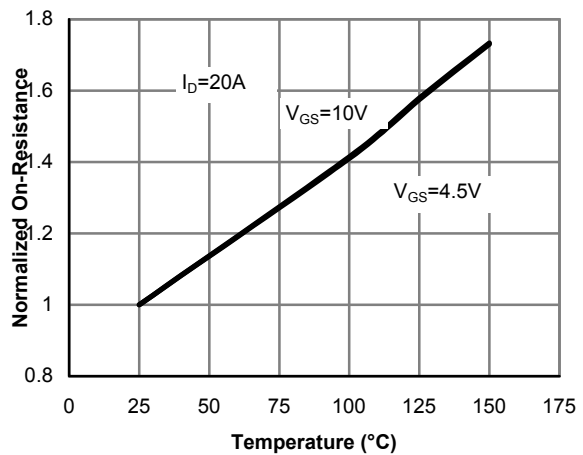
**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics**



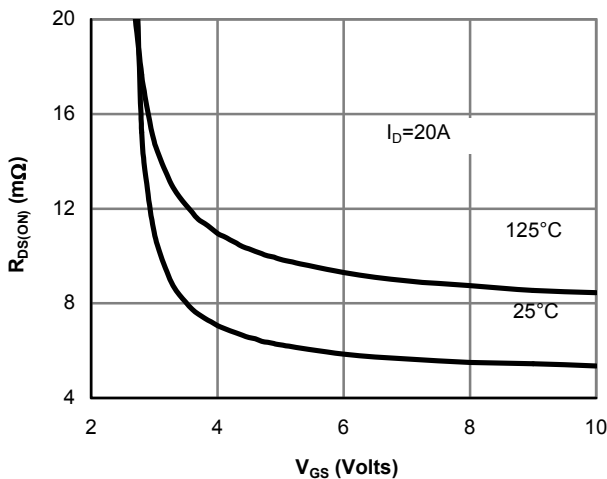
**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**



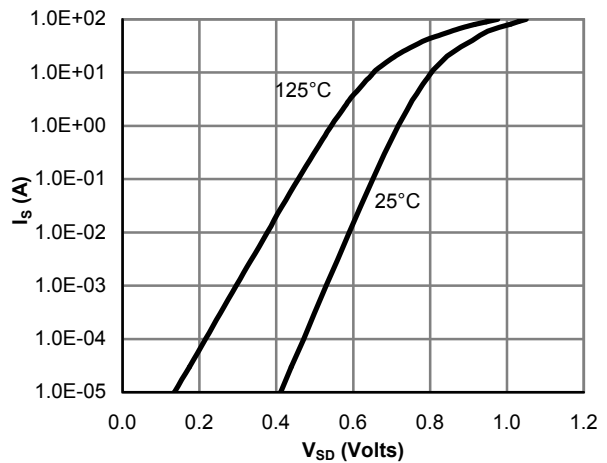
**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**



**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

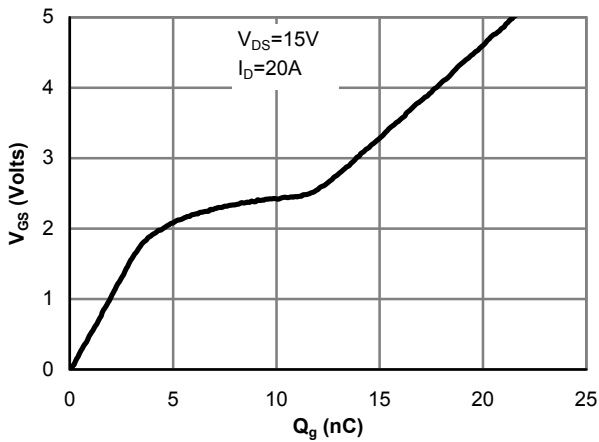


**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage**

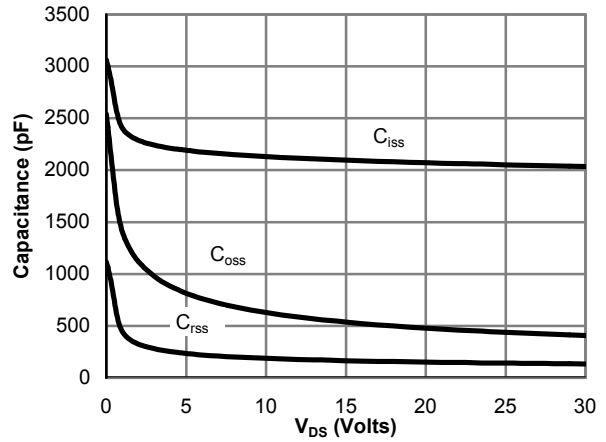


**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

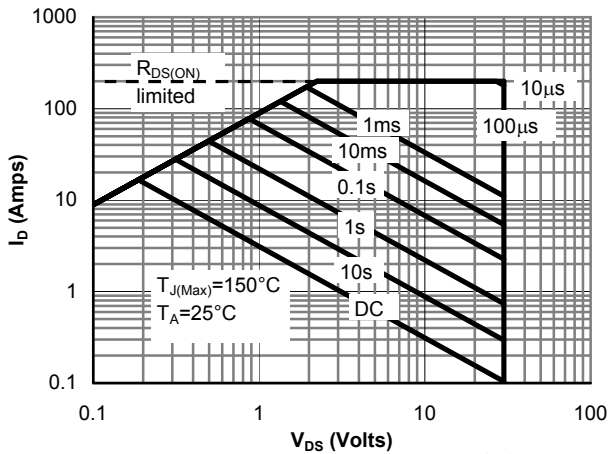
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



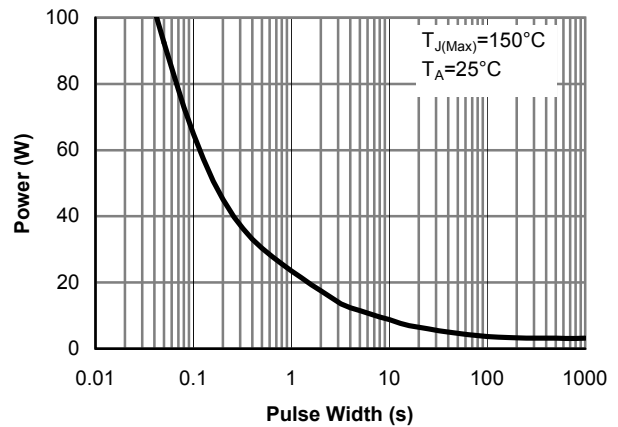
**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**



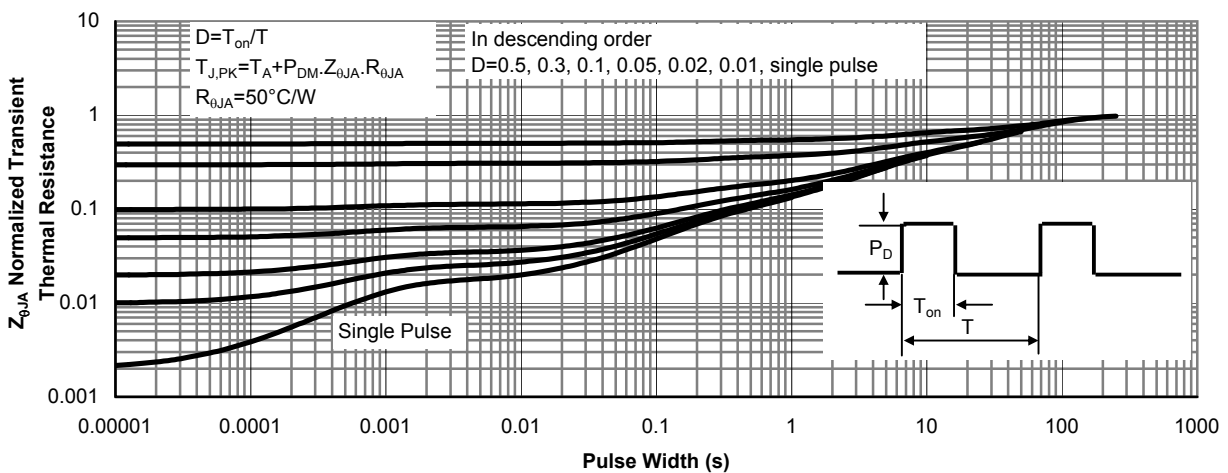
**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**



**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)**



**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)**



**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

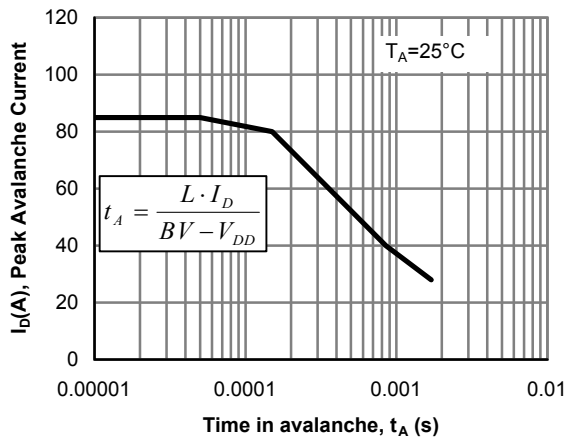


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

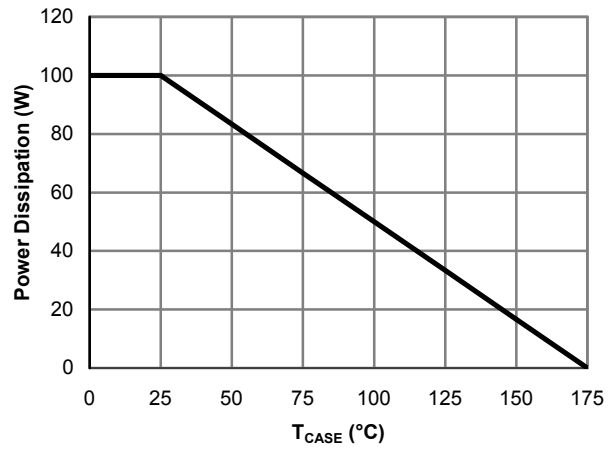


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

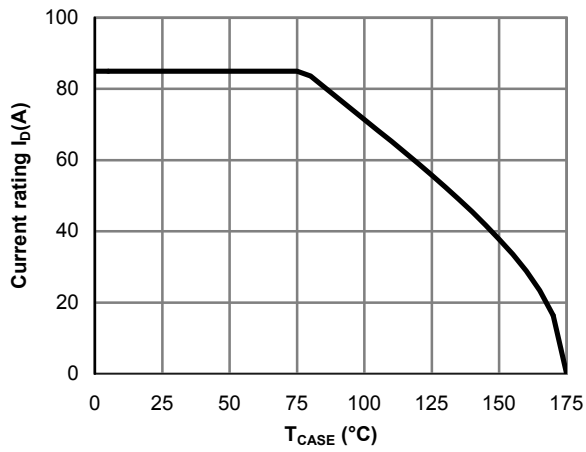
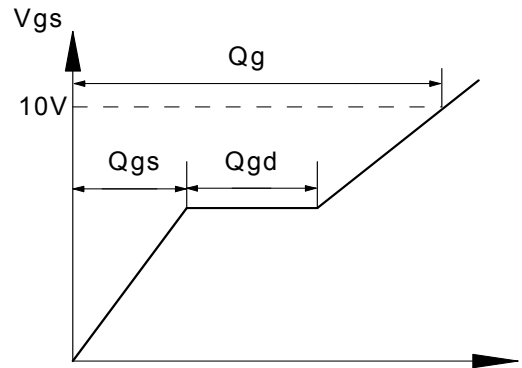
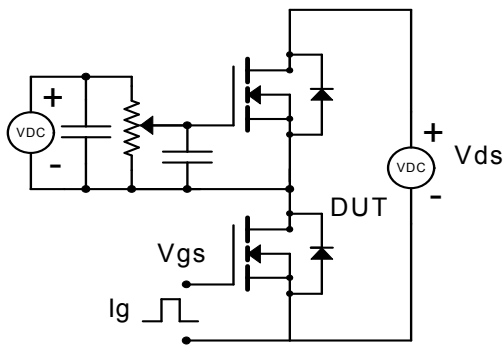
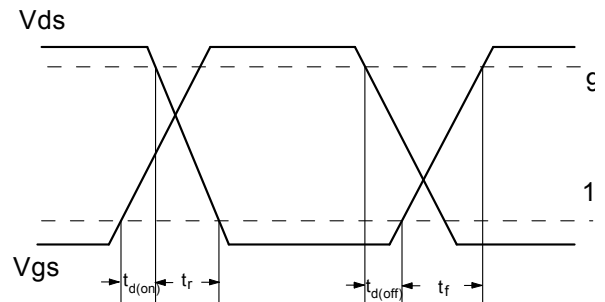
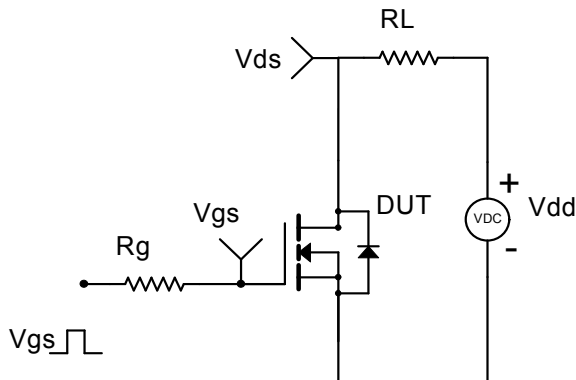


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

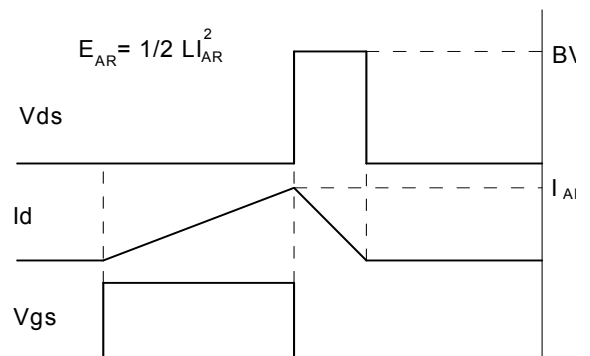
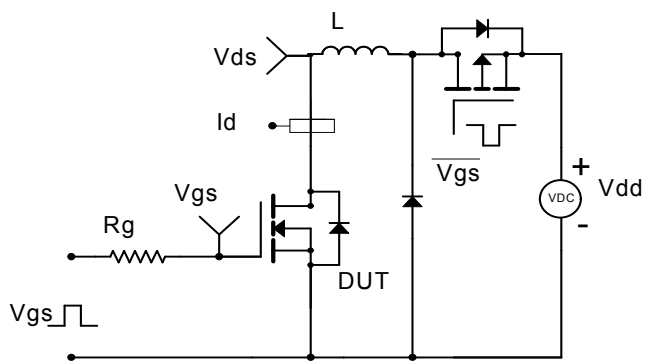
### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



### Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



### Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



### Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

