

16V High Current Load Switch with Rapid Turn-Off and Current Monitoring Protection

General Description

The AOZ1363DI is a high-side load switch intended for applications that require circuit protection. The device operates from voltages between 5V and 16V, and capable of supplying 6A of continuous current. The internal current limiting circuit protects the input supply voltage from large load current. The AOZ1363DI provides thermal protection function that limits excessive power dissipation. The device employs an externally programmable soft-start circuitry to control inrush current due to highly capacitive loads associated with hot-plug events. It features low quiescent current of 400µA and the supply current reduces to less than 10µA in shutdown.

The device can output current monitoring information with an accuracy of 10% at a specified load current of 3A. The device can detect the over-current fault condition and execute the switch power down within a maximum delay time of 100ns. It features an input overvoltage protection where the device powers down when the power input voltage exceeds 19V.

The AOZ1363DI is available in a 3mm x 3mm DFN-12L package and can operate over -40 °C to +85 °C temperature range.

Features

- 5V to 16V operating input voltage
- 40mΩ maximum on resistance
- Fast 100ns switch turn off time during OCP
- Current monitoring with 10% accuracy (3A)
- Externally programmable soft-start
- Low quiescent current
- Under-voltage lockout
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Input over-voltage protection
- 2.0kV ESD rating
- Small 3mm x 3mm DFN-12L package

Applications

- Notebook PCs
- Hot swap supplies
- Micro-servers



Typical Application



Figure 1. Typial Application Circuit (with Current Monitoring)



Ordering Information

Part Number	Ambient Temperature Range	Package	Environmental	
AOZ1363DI	-40°C to +85°C	3mm x 3mm DFN-12L	RoHS Compliant	



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Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	EN	Enable Input. Active high. For automatic enabling, this pin is highly recommended to connect to VCC.
2	VCC	VCC is a bypass pin. Connect a 0.47nF capacitor from VCC to GND.
3	GND	Ground.
4	FLT_B	Fault Output pin. This is an open drain output that is externally pulled high with a pull-up resistor. Drain is internally pulled down to GND to indicate a fault condition. Connect to 5V, 3.3V, or VCC through a $100k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.
5, EPAD	IN	N-channel MOSFET Drain. Connect a 100µF capacitor from IN to GND
6, 9	NC	No Connection.
7	SS	Externally Programmable Soft-Start pin.
8	ISEN	Current Sense Information Output. See Figure 3 for Rsen value.
10, 11, 12	OUT	N-channel MOSFET Source. Connect a 4.7µF capacitor from OUT to GND.



Absolute Maximum Ratings Exceeding the Absolute Maximum ratings may damage the device.

Parameter	Rating
IN, OUT, ISEN to GND	-0.3V to +24V
VCC, EN, SS, FLAG	-0.3V to 6V
Maximum Continuous Current	6A (25°C)
Maximum Junction Temperature (T _J)	+150°C
ESD Rating (HBM)	2.0kV

Maximum Operating Ratings

The device is not guaranteed to operate beyond the Maximum Operating Ratings.

Parameter	Rating
Thermal Resistance (DFN 3x3)	40°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

 V_{IN} = 12V, T_A = 25°C unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Units
V _{IN}	Input Supply Voltage		5		16	V
V _{UVLO}	Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	IN rising		4.1	4.4	V
V _{UVHYS}	Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis			400		mV
V _{UVP}	Input Overvoltage Protection	IN rising		19		V
V _{UVHYS}	Input Overvoltage Protection Hysteresis			1.5		V
I _{IN_ON}	Input Quiescent Current	EN = 4V, no load		400	600	μA
I _{IN_OFF}	Input Shutdown Current	EN = GND, no load			10	μA
I _{LEAK}	Output Leakage Current	EN = GND, no load			10	μA
R _{DS(ON)}	Switch On Resistance	V _{IN} = 12V		23	40	mΩ
I _{LIM}	Current Limit		-25%	11	+25%	А
I _{OFF}	Offset Current in ISEN	I _{IN} = 0A		2		μA
A _{IF}	Current Monitor Gain	I _{IN} = 1A~6A		5		μA/A
I _{MON}	Current Monitor Accuracy	I _{IN} = 3A		10		%
V _{LOW}	Fault Low Voltage	I _{FLT} = 1mA			0.5	V
I _{LK_FLT}	Fault Leakage Current				1	μA
t _{FLT}	Fault Flag Delay Time				100	ns
t _{SS}	Soft-Start Time	C _{SS} = 300pF		100		μs
V _{EN_L}	Enable Input Low Voltage				0.8	V
V _{EN_H}	Enable Input High Voltage		2			V
V _{EN_HYS}	Enable Input Hysteresis			100		mV
I _{EN_BIAS}	Enable Input Bias Current				1	μA
Td_on	Turn-On Delay Time EN_50% to OUT_10%	R_{L} = 120Ω, C_{L} = 1µF		220		μs
t _{ON}	Turn-On Rise Time OUT_10% to 90%	R _L =120Ω, C _L = 1μF		160		μs
T _{SD}	Thermal Shutdown Threshold			130		°C
T _{SD_HYS}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			30		°C
T _{CL}	Current Limit Detection Delay				50 ⁽¹⁾	ns
T _{FDP}	N-Channel Turn Off Delay				50 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Note: 1. Guaranteed by design.



AOZ1363DI







Figure 3. Current Monitoring and Reverse Current

Protection Table

Fault Condition	LSW Position	Fault Flag	System State	Comparator Add-on
UVLO (falling)	Open	Low	Stand-by	Hysteresis + Deglitch
OCP	Open	Low	Latch-off	Deglitch
OTP	Open	Low	Stand-by	Hysteresis
EN (low)	Open	H-Z	Shutdown	Deglitch

Protection Diagram



Functional Block Diagram





AOZ1363DI

Functional Characteristics











Typical Characteristics



Application Information

Parallel Load Switch Configuration



Figure 4. Parallel Configuration Application Schematic

The AOZ1363DI fast load switch can also be parallel configured in applications that require efficiency optimization. Overall conduction losses during the ON cycle can be reduced in half by mounting two load switches, as shown above. The EN pins can be tied together and a common rising edge signal enables both devices simultaneously. Each load switch device must have a 470pF surface mounted ceramic capacitor across VCC and GND (pin 2 and pin 3) – see PCB floor plan in the Layout Guidelines. The VCC pin then connected together onto a common 5V VCC rail. A 100kΩ resistor tied between each of the devices' VCC pin and FLT B pin for user flag function. Both FLT B pins will be tied together to a single trace for easy user access. Each device will employ its own pair of 47µF capacitor next to the IN (pin 5 and EP) and PGND. Both VIN pins will be tied together through a wide track, connecting to the 12V supply rail.

The SS cap of 330pF will be mounted next to each device's SS pin and each respective GND. Both SS pins will be tied to a common trace on the PCB. The ISEN resistor should be configured such that the typical value ISEN resistor, Rsen = $100k\Omega$ will be divided by the same amount of AOZ1363DI devices used.

A 4.7µF capacitor will be mounted between the Output (pins 10,11 and 12) and EP of each AOZ1363DI load switch. All output pins of load switch devices will be tied together through a wide track on the top layer for optimize cooling. This common Output track will lead to the Load downstream.

The same techniques and methodology previously explained should be applied to any Multi-Load Switch parallel configuration. Layout techniques for multi-load switch topology should be referenced to the Recommended Layout Guidelines section.

Short Protection

AOZ1363 has the protection function against the destructive output short current thanks to the ultra fast turn-off feature as long as the short phenomenon takes place in the upper switch of the totem pole. In Figure 5A, when the short phenomenon happens in the upper MOSFET(M2) of the totem pole type load the excessive short current starts ramping up speedily but since AOZ1363 can detect it, turn off MOSFET quickly within 100ns and flag the fault signal to main controller the whole system can is protected safely.

However, in case the output is short to the GND like Figure 5B, AOZ1363 needs a diode(D1) between OUT and GND to clamp the excessive negative voltage in the output due to parasitic inductance.

The C1 and C2 capacitor should be located in nearest point to IN and OUT each other and the C2 should be lower than $4.7\mu F$ for the fast short detection.



Figure 5A. Application Against Totem Pole Load Short



Figure 5B. Application Against Load Rail Short to Ground

Recommended Bill of Materials



Component	Value	Description / Rating	Vendor	Part #
U1			Alpha Omega	AOZ1363DI
C1, C5	4.7µF	CAP CER 47UF 16V 20% X5R 1210	Taiyo Yuden	EMK325BJ476MM-T
C2	4.7µF	CAP CER 4.7UF 50V 10% X5R 1206	Taiyo Yuden	UMK316BJ475KL-T
C3	470pF	CAP CER 470PF 50V 10% X7R 0603	Murata Elec.	GRM188R71H471KA01J
C4	330pF	CAP CER 330PF 50V 10% X7R 0603	Murata Elec.	GRM188R71H331KA0ID
RSEN	100kΩ	1/10W 1% JUMP 0603 SMD	Panasonic (ECG)	ERJ-3GEYJ104V
R2	100kΩ	1/10W 1% JUMP 0603 SMD	Panasonic (ECG)	ERJ-3GEYJ104V
R3	1MΩ	1/10W 1% JUMP 0603 SMD	Yaged	RC0603FR-071ML
R4	0Ω	1/10W 1% JUMP 0603 SMD	Yaged	RC0603JR-070RL
D1	CQ714	CQ 5D CQ714 B2535G	AKA	CQ714B2535G



Recommended Layout Guidelines

The AOZ1363DI load switch is a device that is capable of delivering a steady flow of DC current. It provides up to 6A of continuous current into two DrMos modules for step-down conversion in continuous conduction mode. The floor plan in Figure 6 is focused on providing the IN (pin 5 and exposed pad) and the OUT (pins 10,11 and 12) with plenty of top layer exposed copper for thermal relief, thus, transferring most of the power dissipated as heat down to the PCB. The top layer layout diagram in Figure 6 shows an optimal method for cooling.

Furthermore, the input bypass capacitors CIN1 and CIN2 are surface mounted ceramic capacitors mounted directly to the exposed VIN paddle. The 4.7μ F MLCC should be located as close as physically possible to the output pins 10-12 with return path star power grounded with the input capacitors. The AOZ1363DI employs an extremely fast 100ns turn off mechanism during an over-current event. When the DC current through the large internal NMOS switch exceeds its maximum threshold of 11.2A at 25°C, a fast gate discharging circuit is deployed causing the output to decay to zero. The layout configuration of Figure 6 enables the fast discharging of the 4.7 μ F output capacitor very effectively through the load downstream.

Please note the GND (upside down triangle) and PGND (earth ground) symbols in Figure 7. The PGND symbols should only be connected to the Input and Output capacitors and nowhere else. All GND symbols should be used for the rest of the external components including the IC's pin 3. All GND connections should be star grounded together separate from the PGND connections. Bottom layer has been allocated for PGND use only so the Input and the Output capacitors are directly tied to the bottom layer through via connectors. Only a single point will be used to connect both AGND and PGND for optimal noise isolation. Please refer to Figure 6 for R4 valued at 0Ω .

All Input (pin 5 and Exposed Pad) and Output (pins 10, 11 and 12) traces should be at top layer for optimal trace resistances. Current going through vias is not acceptable. Traces on top layer may be duplicated to the second layer (bottom layer) and via connecting both the top and bottom traces as near as possible to the IC region is advisable to provide thermal relief.

All of the above details must be applied when considering to implement a multi–device parallel configuration (2 or 3 devices).



Figure 7. Top Layer Floor Plan



Figure 8. Bottom Layer Floor Plan

Package Dimensions, DFN 3x3, 12L









RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



Dimensions in millimeters

Dimensions in inches

Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.
А	0.70	0.75	0.80	А	0.028	0.030	0.031
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	A1	0.000	0.001	0.002
b	0.18	0.23	0.28	b	0.007	0.009	0.011
С		0.203		С		0.008	
D	3.00 BSC			D	0	.118 BSC)
D1	2.39	2.44	2.54	D1	0.094	0.096	0.010
E	3.00 BSC			E	0.118 BSC		
E1	1.55	1.70	1.80	E1	0.061	0.067	0.071
е	().50 BSC		е	0.020 BSC		
L	0.28	0.38	0.48	L	0.011	0.015	0.019
R		0.20		R		0.008	
aaa	0.15			aaa		0.006	
bbb	0.10			bbb	0.004		
CCC	0.10			CCC	0.004		
ddd		0.08		ddd		0.003	

Notes:

- 1. Dimensions and tolerances conform to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.
- 3. Dimension b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip. If the terminal has the optional radius on the other end of the terminal, dimension b should not be measured in that radius area.
- 4. Coplanarity ddd applies to the terminals and all other bottom surface metallization.



Tape and Reel Dimensions, DFN 3x3, 12L



Reel







UNIT: mm

Tape Size	Reel Size	М	Ν	W	W1	Н	К	S	G	R	V
12mm	ø330	ø330.00 ±0.50	ø97.00 ±0.10	13.00 ±0.30	17.40 ±1.00	ø13.00 +0.5/-0.2	10.60	2.00 ±0.50	N/A	N/A	N/A

Leader / Trailer & Orientation



Part Marking



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