



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

# AOT66620L/AOB66620L

60V N-Channel AlphaSGT™

## General Description

- Trench Power MOSFET technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Excellent Gate Charge x  $R_{DS(ON)}$  Product(FOM)
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

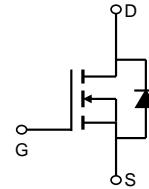
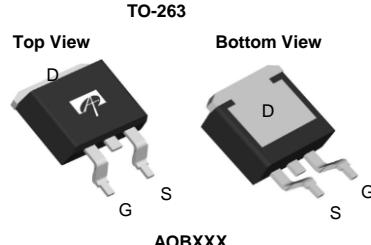
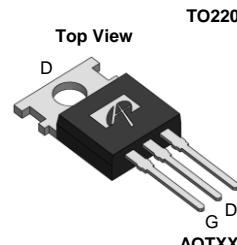
## Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	60V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	57A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 8.5mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=8V$ )	< 11mΩ

## Applications

- Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- ATX and Gaming Power Supplies
- Switching Applications

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOT66620L	TO-220	Tube	1000
AOB66620L	TO-263	Tape & Reel	800

## Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <small><math>T_C=25^\circ C</math></small>	$I_D$	57	A
		36	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	126	
Continuous Drain Current <small><math>T_A=25^\circ C</math></small>	$I_{DSM}$	23	A
		18	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	20	A
Avalanche energy <small><math>L=0.3mH</math></small> <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	60	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	50	W
		20	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	8.3	W
		5.3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

## Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> <small><math>t \leq 10s</math></small>	$R_{\theta JA}$	12	15	°C/W
		50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2	2.5	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	60			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=60\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	2.4	3	3.6	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		7	8.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		11.2	13.5	
		$V_{GS}=8\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		7.8	11	
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		50		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				50	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1070		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			310		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			12		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0.6	1.2	1.8	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		16.0	25	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			5.6		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			3.6		nC
$Q_{oss}$	Output Charge	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}$		19		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, R_L=1.5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		10		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			8		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			18		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			5		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, di/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		18		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, di/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		58		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\text{JJA}}$  is measured in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{DSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\text{JJA}} \leq 10\text{s}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{JJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\text{JJC}}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

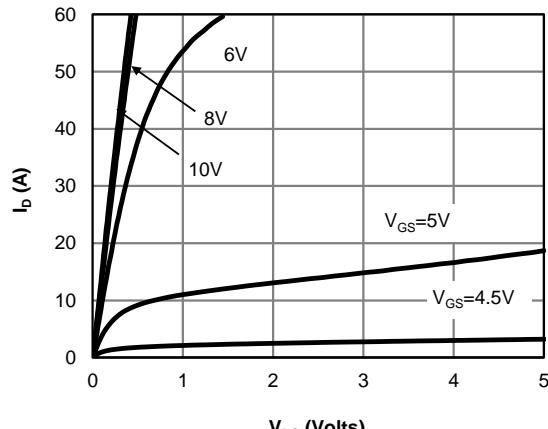
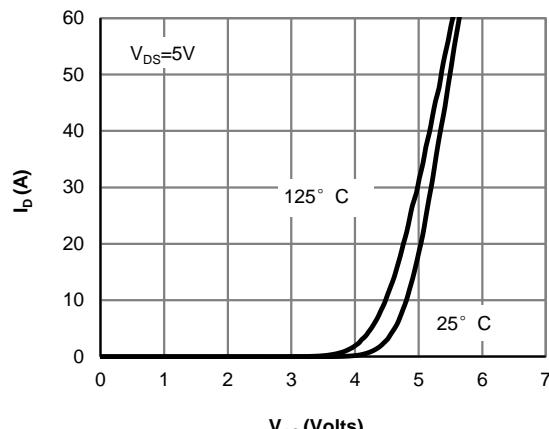
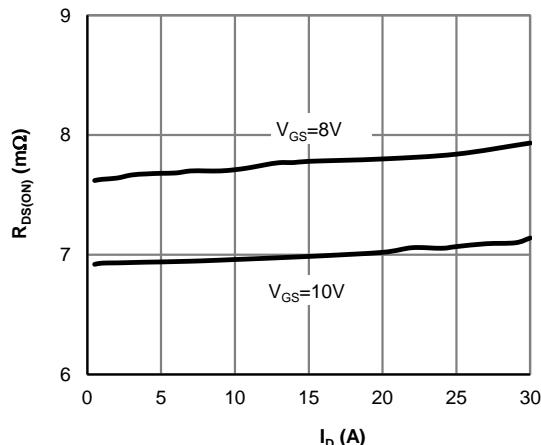
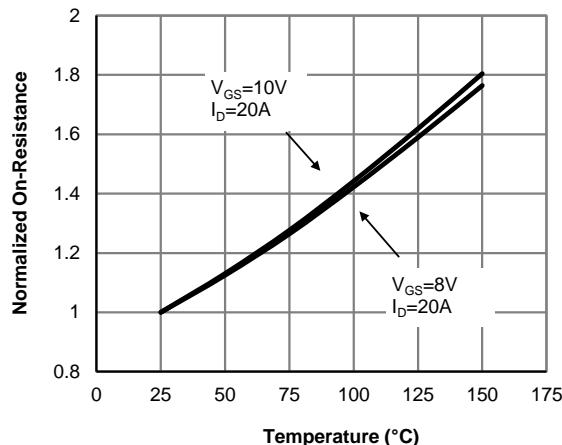
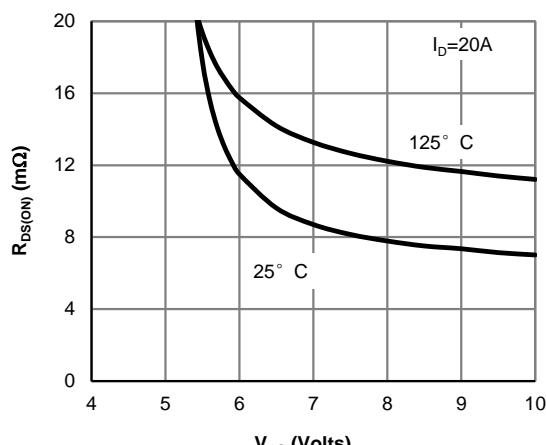
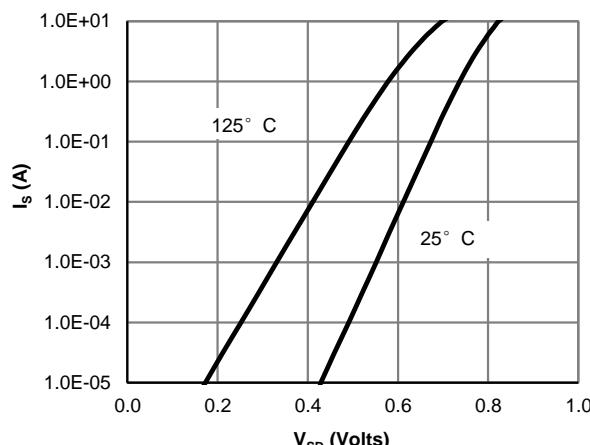
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

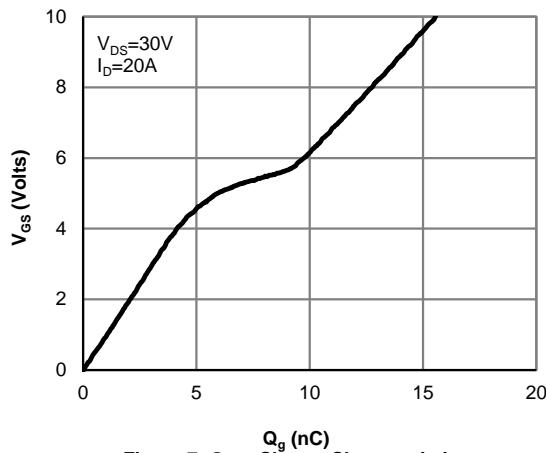
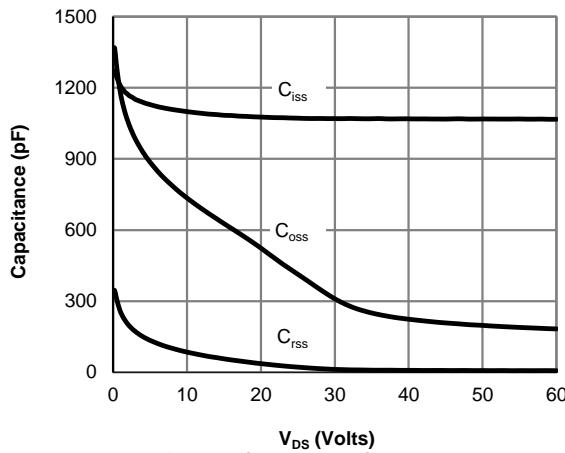
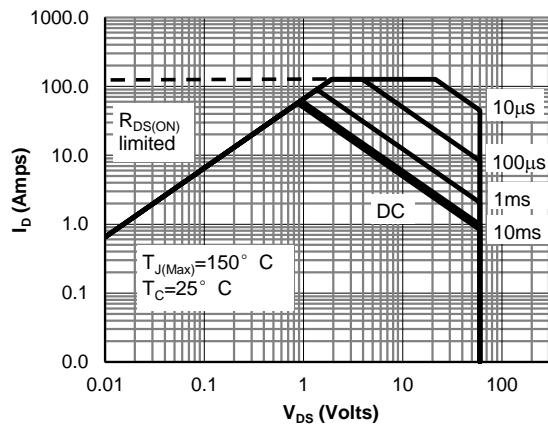
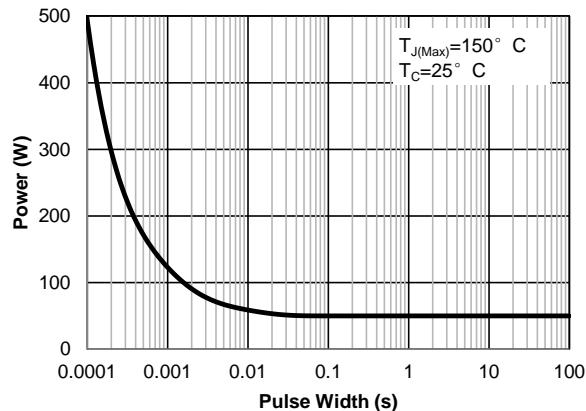
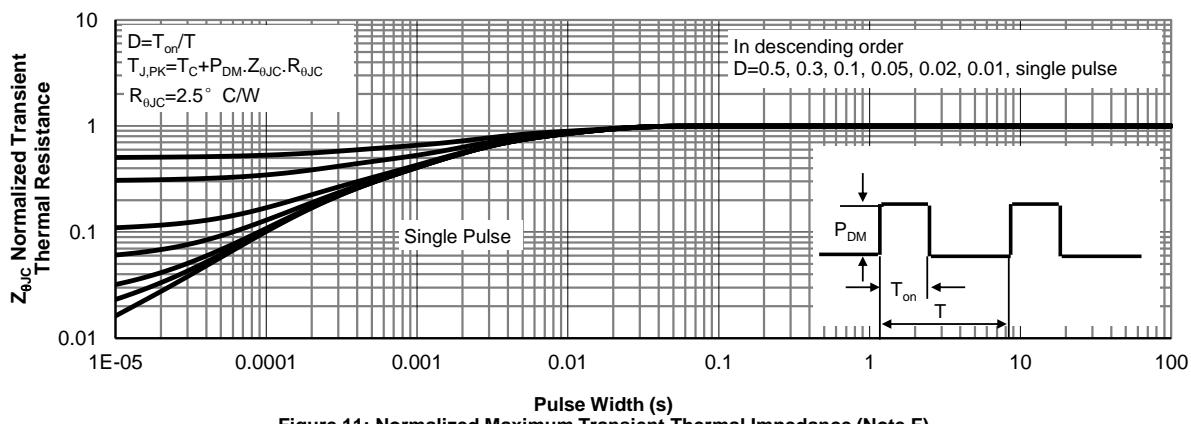
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

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**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)**

**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)**

**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)**

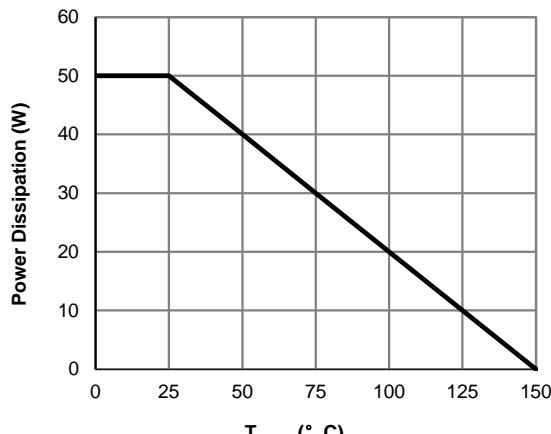
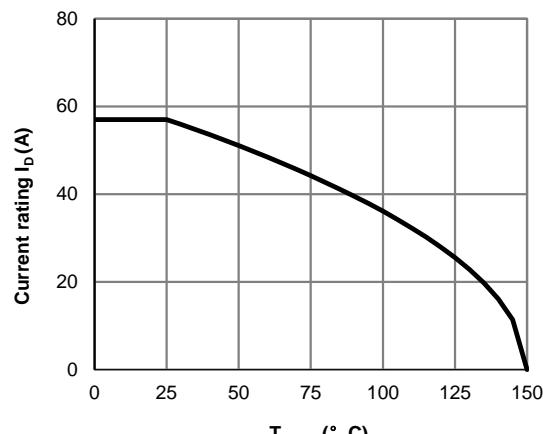
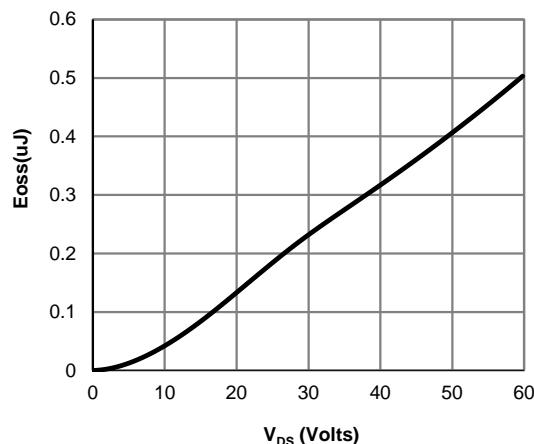
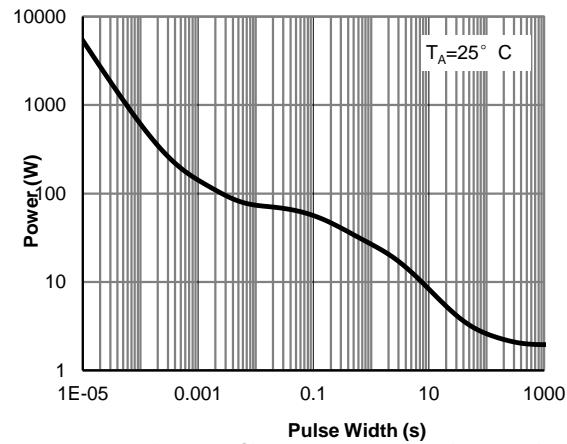
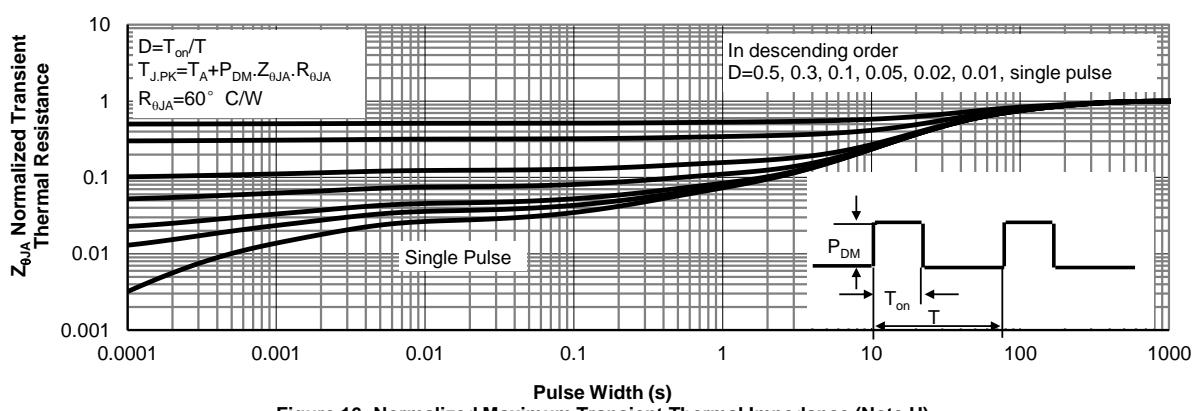
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 14: Coss stored Energy**

**Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)**

**Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)**

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

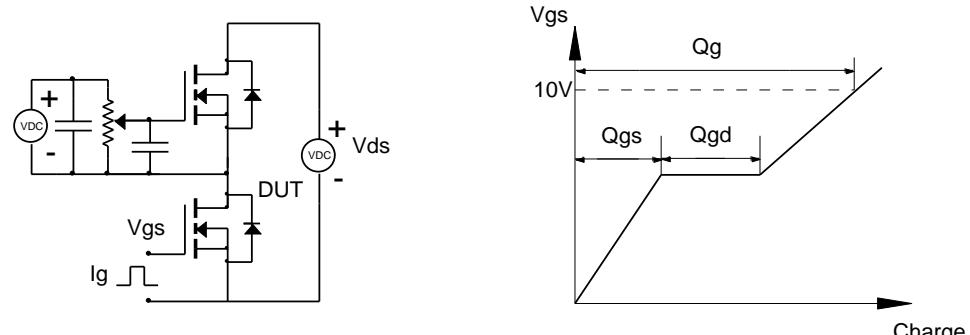


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

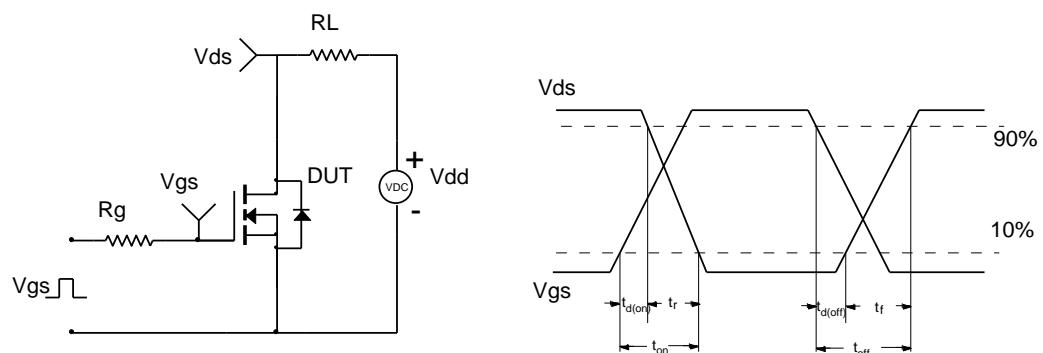


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

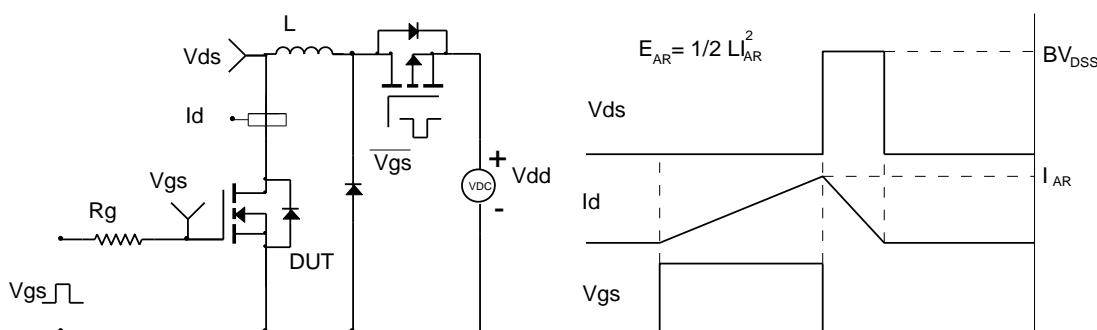


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

