

### General Description

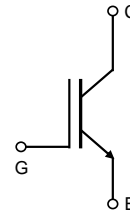
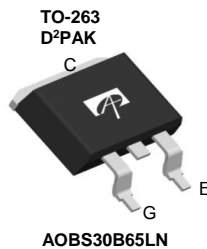
- 650V breakdown voltage
- Low  $V_{ce(sat)}$  and fast turn-on speed
- High ruggedness and temperature stable behavior
- Automotive qualified

### Applications

- Discharge switch
- Relay replacement
- PTC heater

### Product Summary

$V_{CE}$	650V
$I_C$ ( $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ )	30A
$V_{CE(sat)}$ ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	1.86V



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOBS30B65LN	TO263	Tape & Reel	800
<b>Absolute Maximum Ratings <math>T_A=25^\circ\text{C}</math> unless otherwise noted</b>			
Parameter	Symbol	AOBS30B65LN	Units
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE}$	650	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Collector Current	$I_C$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	60
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	30
Pulsed Collector Current, Limited by $T_{Jmax}$	$I_{CM}$	90	A
Turn-Off SOA, $V_{CE} \leq 650\text{V}$ , Limited by $T_{Jmax}$	$I_{LM}$	90	A
Short Circuit Withstanding Time <sup>(1)</sup> $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ , $V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}$ , $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$	$t_{SC}$	5	$\mu\text{s}$
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	227
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	114
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Thermal Characteristics</b>			
Parameter	Symbol	AOBS30B65LN	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum IGBT Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.66	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

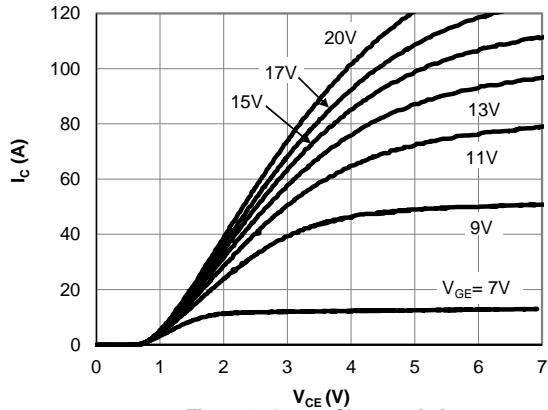
(1) Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

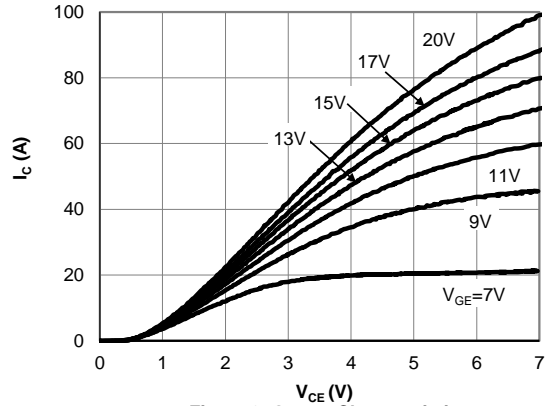
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>							
BV <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> =1mA, V <sub>GE</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	650	-	-	V	
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>GE</sub> =15V, I <sub>C</sub> =30A	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	-	1.86	2.35	V
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	-	2.32	-	
			T <sub>J</sub> =175°C	-	2.58	-	
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	V <sub>CE</sub> =5V, I <sub>C</sub> =1mA	4	4.7	5.4	V	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	V <sub>CE</sub> =650V, V <sub>GE</sub> =0V	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	-	-	10	μA
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	-	-	500	
			T <sub>J</sub> =175°C	-	-	10000	
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current	V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>GE</sub> =±30V	-	-	±100	nA	
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>CE</sub> =20V, I <sub>C</sub> =30A	-	20	-	S	
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>							
C <sub>ies</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GE</sub> =0V, V <sub>CC</sub> =25V, f=1MHz	-	1246	-	pF	
C <sub>oes</sub>	Output Capacitance		-	77	-	pF	
C <sub>res</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	38	-	pF	
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GE</sub> =15V, V <sub>CC</sub> =520V, I <sub>C</sub> =30A	-	52	-	nC	
Q <sub>ge</sub>	Gate to Emitter Charge		-	14	-	nC	
Q <sub>gc</sub>	Gate to Collector Charge		-	22	-	nC	
I <sub>C(SC)</sub>	Short Circuit Collector Current	V <sub>GE</sub> =15V, V <sub>CC</sub> =400V, t <sub>sc</sub> ≤5μs, T <sub>J</sub> ≤175°C	-	150	-	A	
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate Resistance	V <sub>GE</sub> =0V, V <sub>CC</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	-	11	-	Ω	
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS, (Load Inductive, T<sub>J</sub>=25°C)</b>							
T <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C V <sub>GE</sub> =15V, V <sub>CC</sub> =400V, I <sub>C</sub> =30A, R <sub>G</sub> =10Ω E <sub>on</sub> and E <sub>total</sub> include diode (AOTF30B65LN2) reverse recovery	-	24	-	ns	
T <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time		-	28	-	ns	
T <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	109	-	ns	
T <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	13	-	ns	
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Energy		-	0.74	-	mJ	
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Energy		-	0.33	-	mJ	
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Energy		-	1.07	-	mJ	
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS, (Load Inductive, T<sub>J</sub>=175°C)</b>							
T <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	T <sub>J</sub> =175°C V <sub>GE</sub> =15V, V <sub>CC</sub> =400V, I <sub>C</sub> =30A, R <sub>G</sub> =10Ω E <sub>on</sub> and E <sub>total</sub> include diode (AOTF30B65LN2) reverse recovery	-	22	-	ns	
T <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time		-	31	-	ns	
T <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	130	-	ns	
T <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	28	-	ns	
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Energy		-	0.82	-	mJ	
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Energy		-	0.62	-	mJ	
E <sub>total</sub>	Total Switching Energy		-	1.44	-	mJ	

APPLICATIONS OR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.

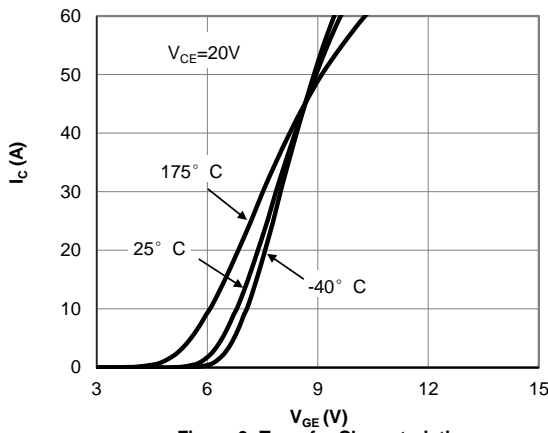
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



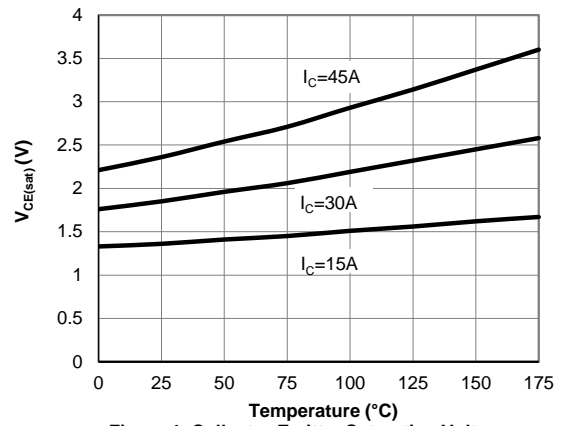
**Figure 1: Output Characteristic**  
( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )



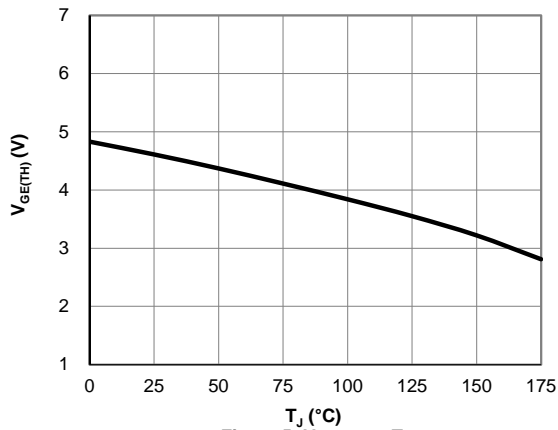
**Figure 2: Output Characteristic**  
( $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ )



**Figure 3: Transfer Characteristic**



**Figure 4: Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



**Figure 5:  $V_{GE(TH)}$  vs.  $T_j$**

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

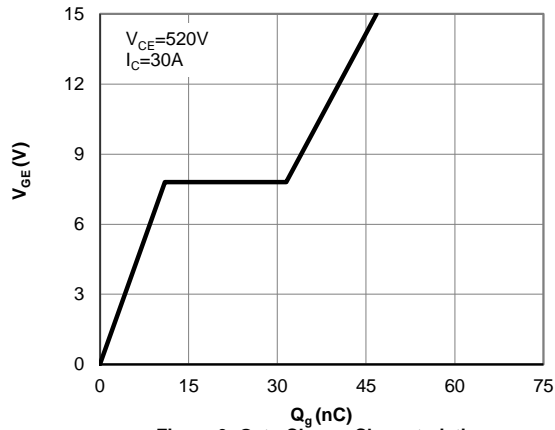


Figure 6: Gate-Charge Characteristics

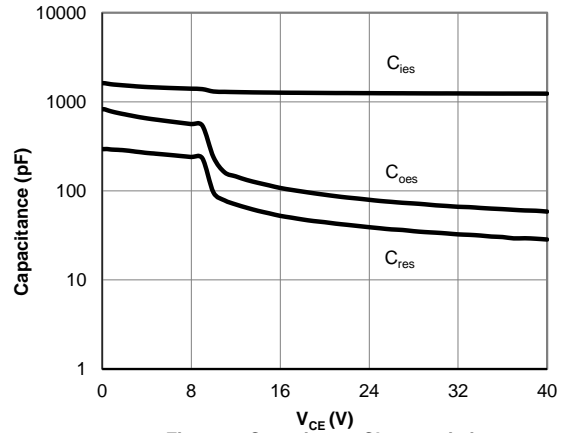


Figure 7: Capacitance Characteristic

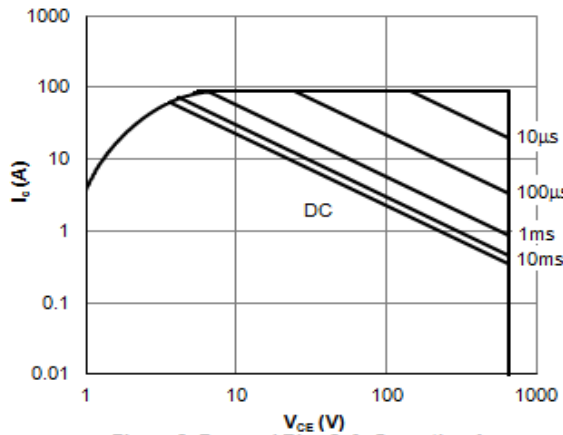


Figure 8: Forward Bias Safe Operating Area  
( $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ )

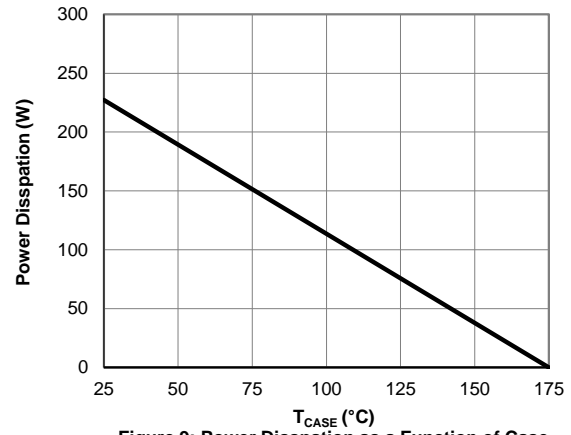


Figure 9: Power Dissipation as a Function of Case

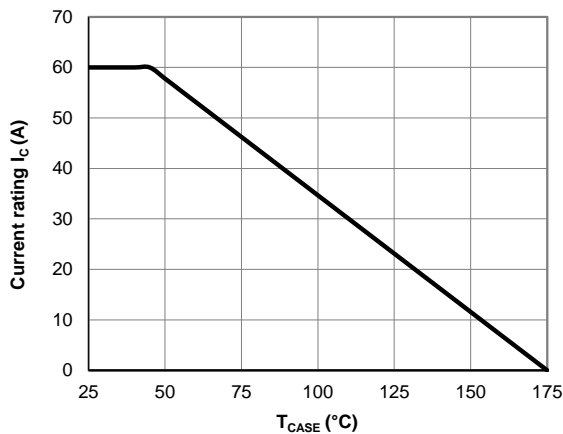


Figure 10: Current De-rating

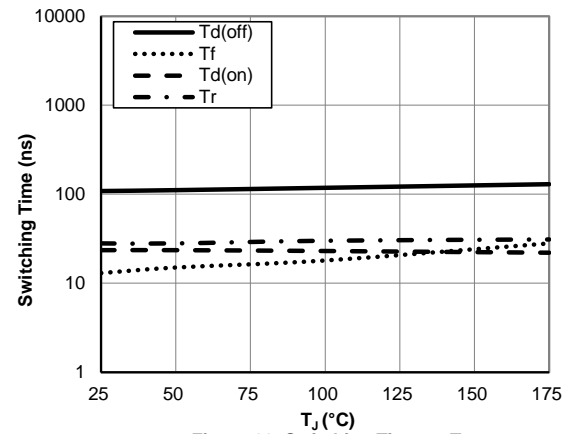


Figure 11: Switching Time vs.  $T_J$   
( $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=30\text{A}$ ,  $R_g=10\Omega$ )

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

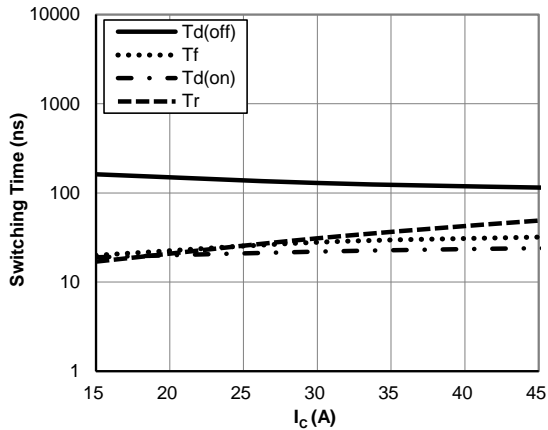


Figure 12: Switching Time vs.  $I_C$   
( $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $R_g=10\Omega$ )

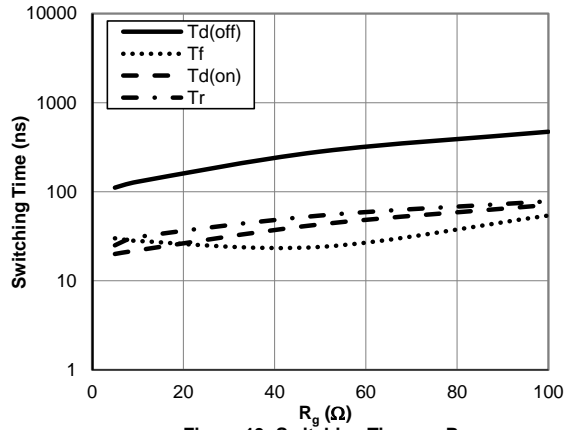


Figure 13: Switching Time vs.  $R_g$   
( $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=30\text{A}$ )

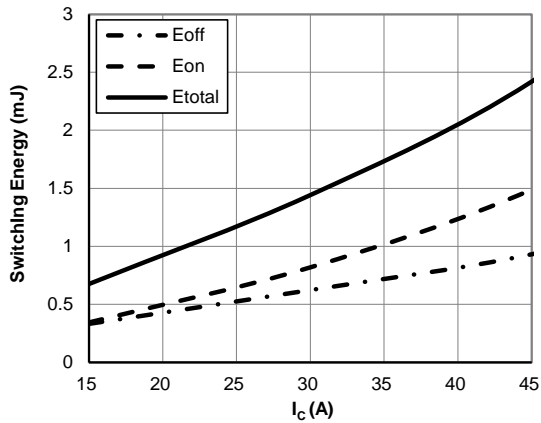


Figure 14: Switching Loss vs.  $I_C$   
( $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $R_g=10\Omega$ )

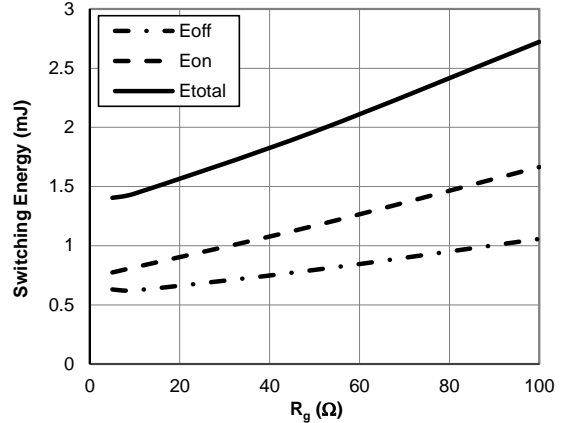


Figure 15: Switching Loss vs.  $R_g$   
( $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=30\text{A}$ )

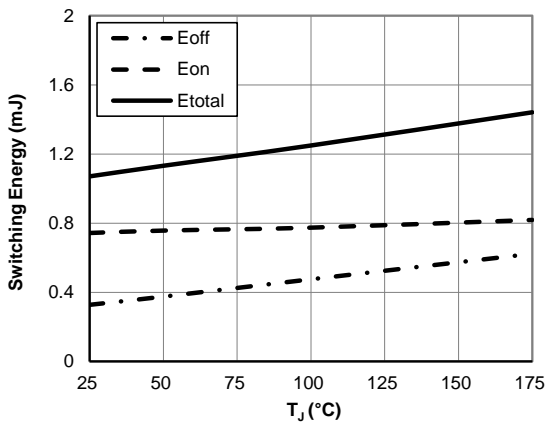


Figure 16: Switching Loss vs.  $T_J$   
( $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=30\text{A}$ ,  $R_g=10\Omega$ )

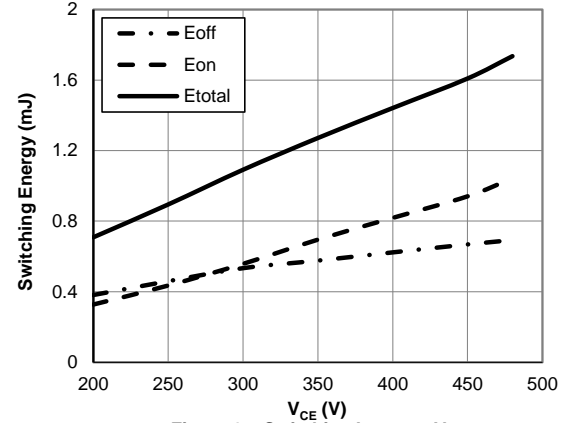


Figure 17: Switching Loss vs.  $V_{CE}$   
( $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=30\text{A}$ ,  $R_g=10\Omega$ )

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

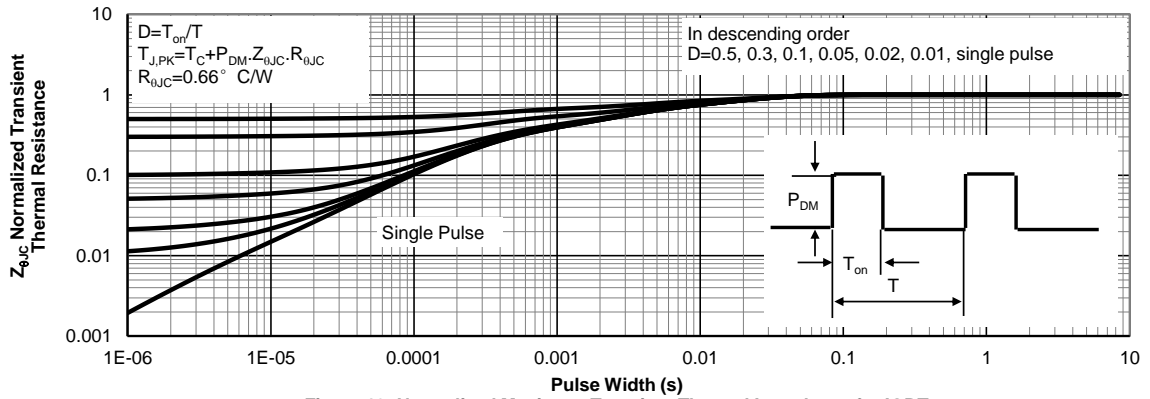


Figure 18: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for IGBT

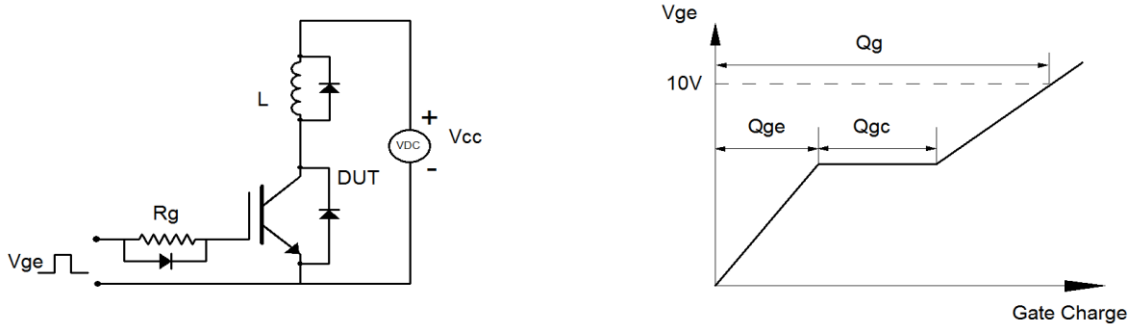


Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

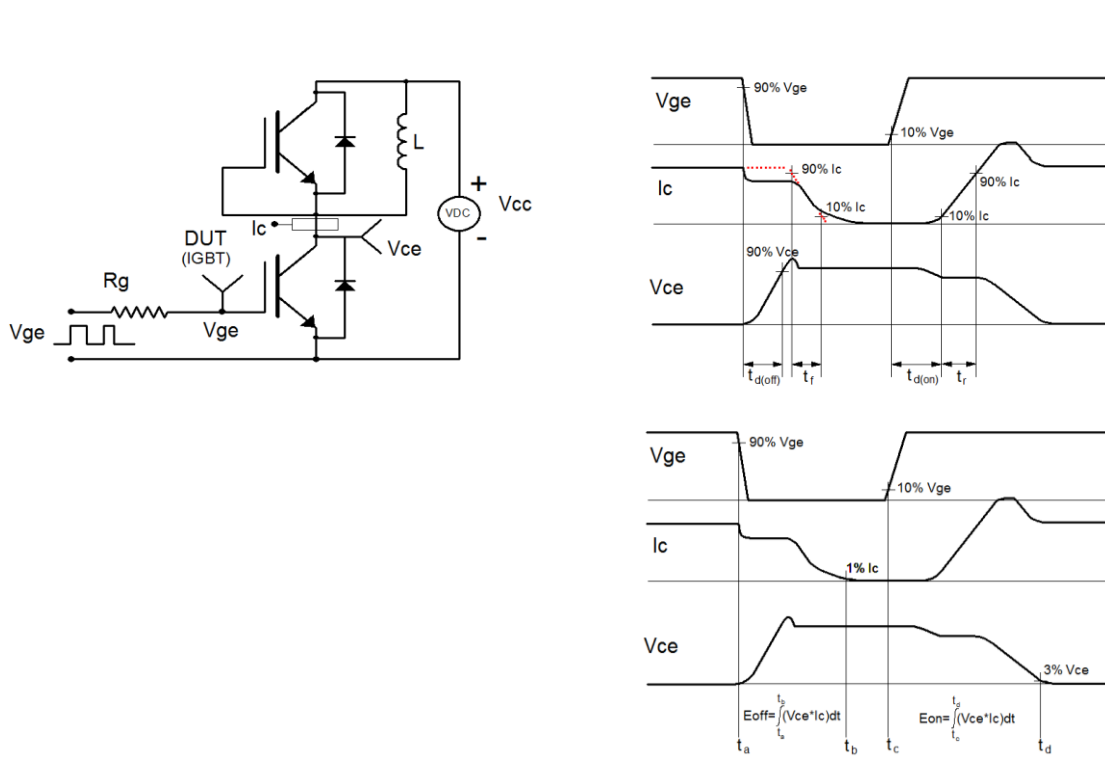


Figure B: Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms