

# AONH36328

# 30V Dual Asymmetric N-Channel MOSFET

## **General Description**

- Latest Trench Power MOSFET technology
- Very Low R<sub>DS(on)</sub> at 4.5V<sub>GS</sub>
- Low Gate Charge
- · High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

# **Product Summary**

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & \underline{Q1} & \underline{Q2} \\ V_{DS} & 30V & 30V \\ I_{D} \; (at \, V_{GS} \!\!=\!\! 10V) & 18A & 18A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \, V_{GS} \!\!=\!\! 10V) & <\!\! 8.5 m\Omega & <\!\! 8.5 m\Omega \end{array}$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ ) <11.5m $\Omega$  <11.5m $\Omega$ 

# Typical ESD protection

100% UIS Tested 100% Rg Tested

#### **HBM Class 2**

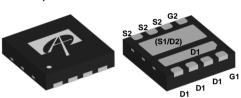


# **Application**

- DC/DC Converters in Computing, Servers, and POL
- Isolated DC/DC Converters in Telecom and Industrial

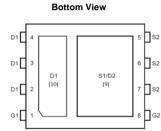
#### Power DFN3x3A

Top View Bottom View



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**Top View** 



# Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Max Q1	Max Q2	Units
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	30		V
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±16 ±16		V
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	ı	18	18	
Current G	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	ID	18	18	Α
Pulsed Drain Curren	t <sup>C</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	40	40	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		13.8	13.8	^
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	IDSM	8.3	8.3	A
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AS</sub>	40	40	А
Avalanche Energy L=0.01mH <sup>C</sup>		E <sub>AS</sub>	8	8	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	D	23	23	W
	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	— P <sub>D</sub>	9.2	9.2	- vv
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Б	2.5	2.5	10/
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	— P <sub>DSM</sub>	0.9	0.9	W
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		°C

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Typ Q1	Max Q1	Typ Q2	Max Q2	Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s R <sub>θJA</sub>		40	50	40	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	Теја	70	90	70	90	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	4.5	5.4	4.5	5.4	°C/W



#### Q1 Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>.1</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
STATIC PARAMETERS								
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	30			V		
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	:		1 5	μА		
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = \pm 16V$	1		±10	μА		
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_{D}=250\mu A$	1.3	1.7	2.1	·V		
OO(iii)	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		7.1	8.5	_		
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>		T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	;	10	12	mΩ		
, ,		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		9.2	11.5	mΩ		
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =20A		75		S		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V		
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>				18	Α		
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS		•		•			
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			700		pF		
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz		180		рF		
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1		24		pF		
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	0.7	1.5	2.3	Ω		
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS							
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge			11	20	nC		
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		5.0	10	nC		
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =13V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		2.2		nC		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge	1		1.8		nC		
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			5.0		ns		
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_L$ =0.75 $\Omega$ ,		2.5		ns		
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		20		ns		
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			2.5		ns		
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		9		ns		
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		13		nC		

A. The value of  $R_{0JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{0JA}$  t  $\leq$  10s value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

- D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

  F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedence which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}=150^{\circ}$  C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating. G. The maximum current rating is limited by package.
- H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.
- I. For application requiring slow >1ms turn-on/turn-off, please consult AOS FAE for proper product selection.

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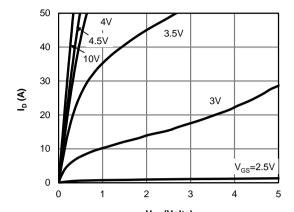
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B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

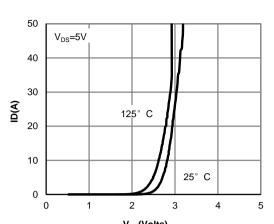
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub> =25° C.



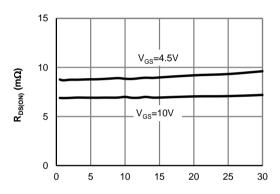
#### Q1-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



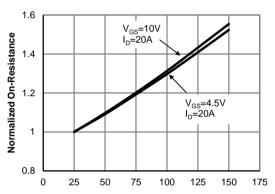
V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



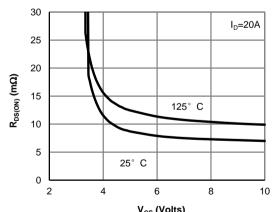
V<sub>GS</sub>(Volts)
Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



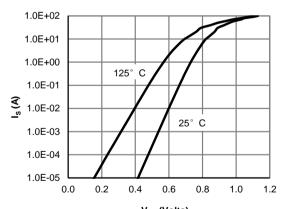
I<sub>D</sub> (A) Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)



Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction
Temperature (Note E)



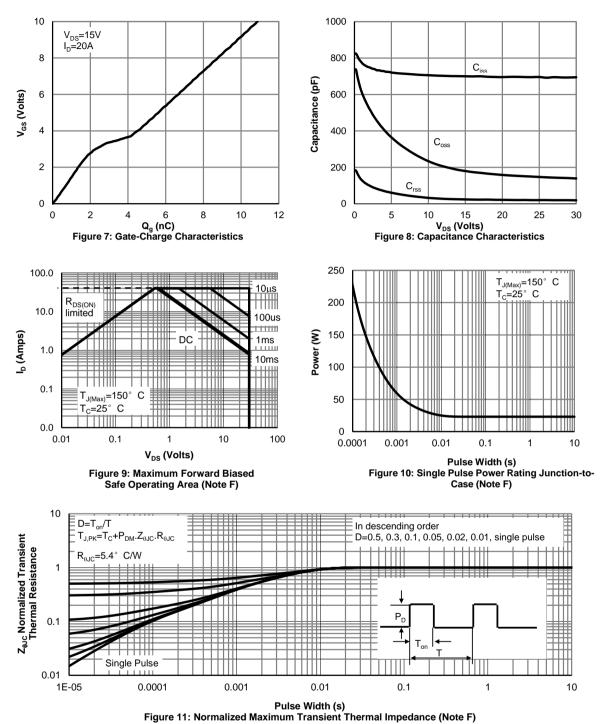
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage
(Note E)



V<sub>SD</sub> (Volts) Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

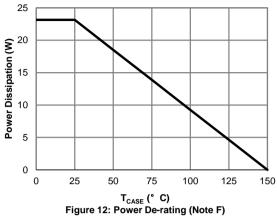


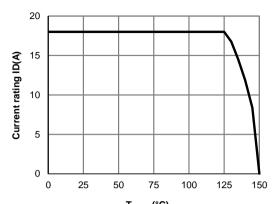
#### Q1-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





#### Q1-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





T<sub>CASE</sub> (°C)
Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

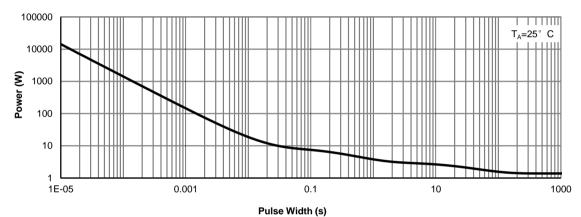
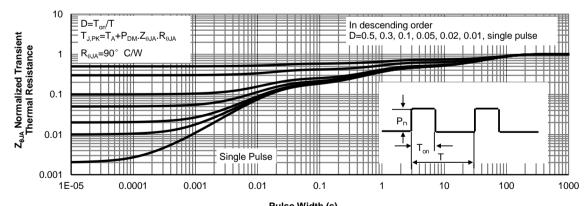


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)



#### Q2 Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>.1</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
STATIC PARAMETERS								
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	30			V		
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1 5	μА		
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = \pm 16V$	1		±10	μА		
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	1.3	1.7	2.1	V		
33(11)	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		7.1	8.5			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>		T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	;	10	12	mΩ		
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		9.2	11.5	mΩ		
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =20A		75		S		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V		
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>				18	Α		
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS				-			
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			700		pF		
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, f=1MHz		180		pF		
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1		24		pF		
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz	0.7	1.5	2.3	Ω		
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS							
$Q_g(10V)$	Total Gate Charge			11	20	nC		
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		5.0	10	nC		
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =13V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		2.2		nC		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge	1		1.8		nC		
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			5.0		ns		
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_L$ =0.75 $\Omega$ ,		2.5		ns		
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		20		ns		
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			2.5		ns		
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		9		ns		
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		13		nC		

A. The value of  $R_{\theta,JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$  C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{0JA}$  t  $\leq 10s$  value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

- D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

  F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedence which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150 $^{\circ}\,$  C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
- G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.
- H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.
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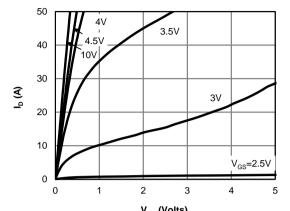
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B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

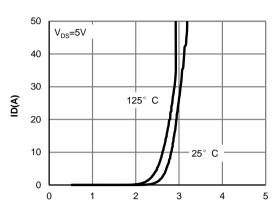
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.



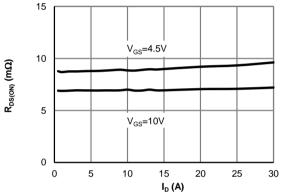
#### **Q2-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



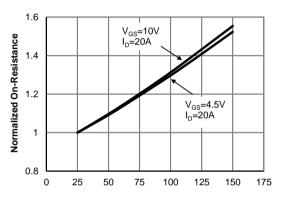
V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



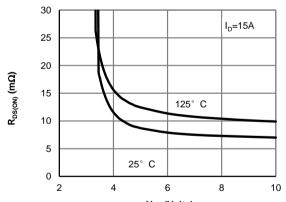
V<sub>GS</sub>(Volts)
Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



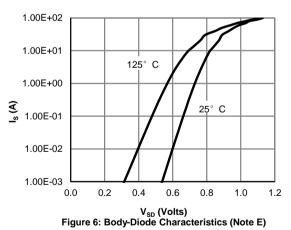
 $\label{eq:ldots} \textbf{I}_{D}\left(\textbf{A}\right)$  Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)



Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)

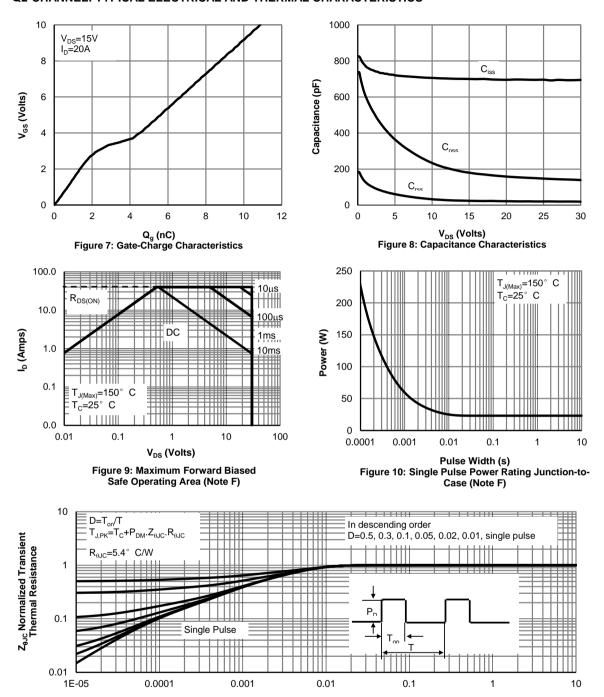


V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)





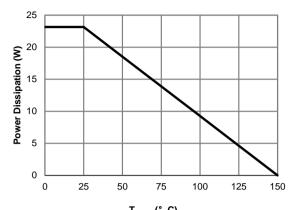
#### **Q2-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

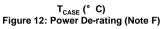


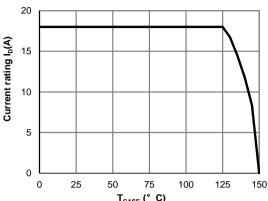
Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



#### **Q2-CHANNEL: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**







T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

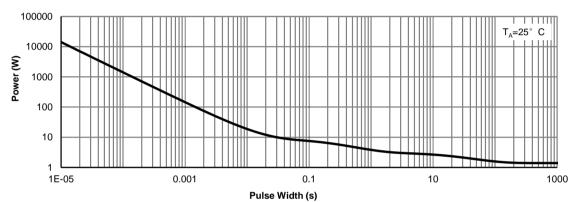
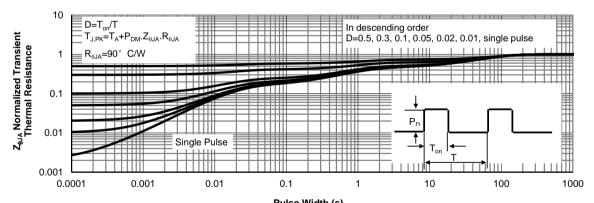


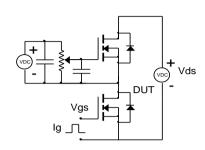
Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note G)

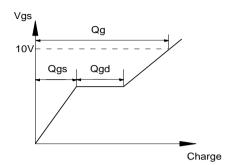


Pulse Width (s)
Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)

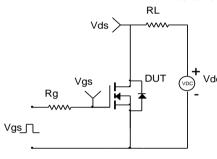


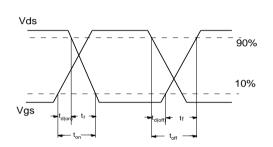
#### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



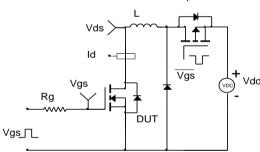


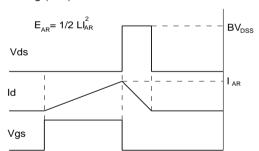
# Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





#### Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

