



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AONS36321**

**30V N-Channel MOSFET**

### General Description

- Trench Power MOSFET technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge
- High Current Capability
- RoHS 2.0 and Halogen-Free Compliant

### Applications

- DC/DC Converters in Computing, Servers and POL
- Isolated DC/DC Converters in Telecom and Industrial
- See Note H

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	30V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	88A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 4.4mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 7.7mΩ

### Typical ESD protection

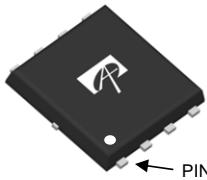
HBM Class H2

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



**DFN5x6**

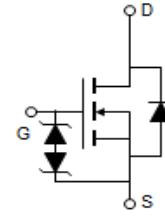
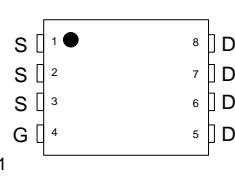
Top View



Bottom View



Top View



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AONS36321	DFN 5x6	Tape & Reel	3000

### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	88	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		55	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	167	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_{DSM}$	30	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		24	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	50	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.01mH$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	13	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	54	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		22	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	6.2	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		4	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{0JA}$	15	20	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>		40	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{0JC}$	1.8	2.3	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		1	5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	2	2.5	V
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		3.6	4.4	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		5.3	6.4	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		94		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				60	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1025		pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			275		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			35		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0.8	1.6	2.4	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		14.2	20	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			6.7	10	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			3.1		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			2.6		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=0.75\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		6.1		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			1.8		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			17.2		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			2.5		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, \text{di}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		9.4		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, \text{di}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		13.3		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\text{JJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{PSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\text{JJA}} \leq 10\text{s}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{JJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\text{JJC}}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

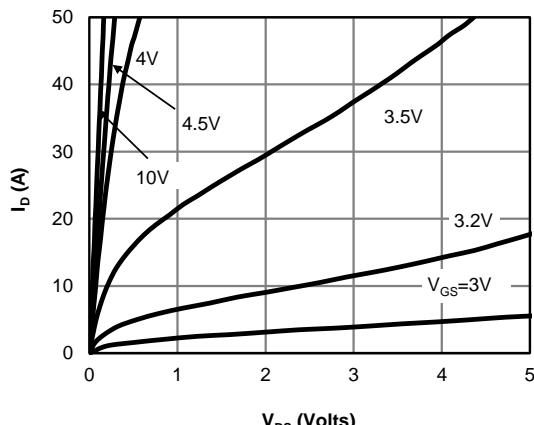
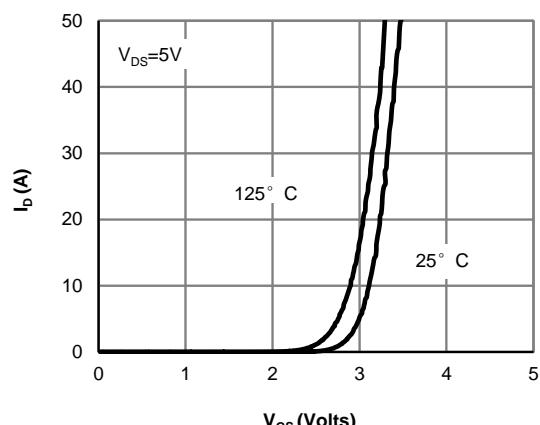
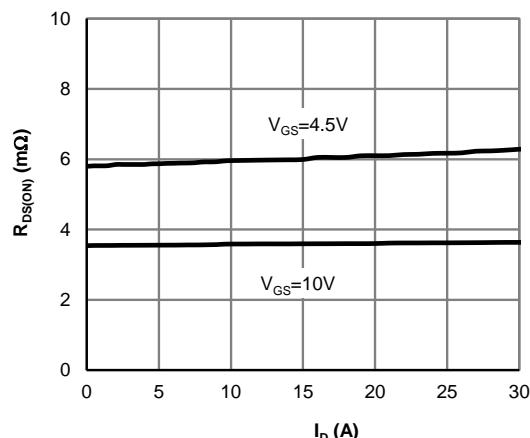
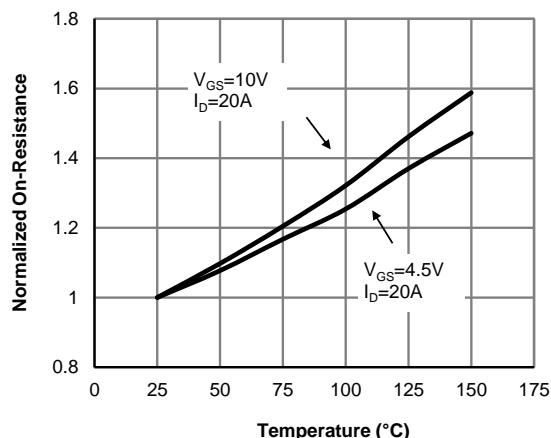
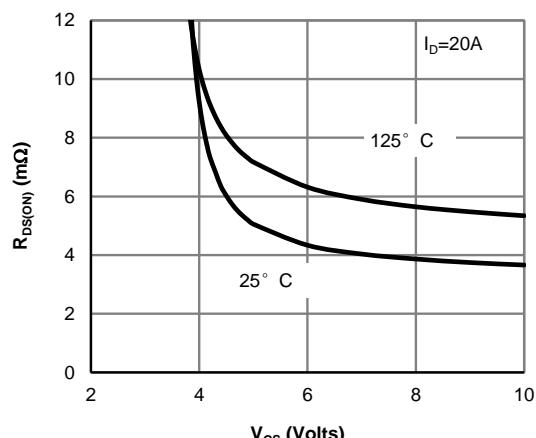
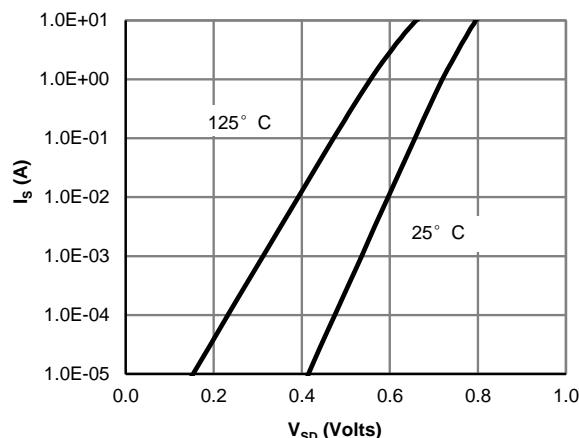
G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

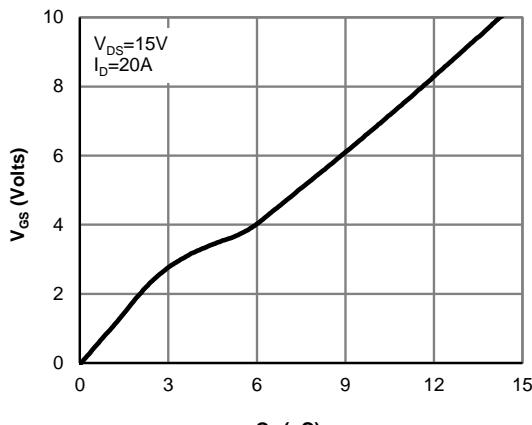
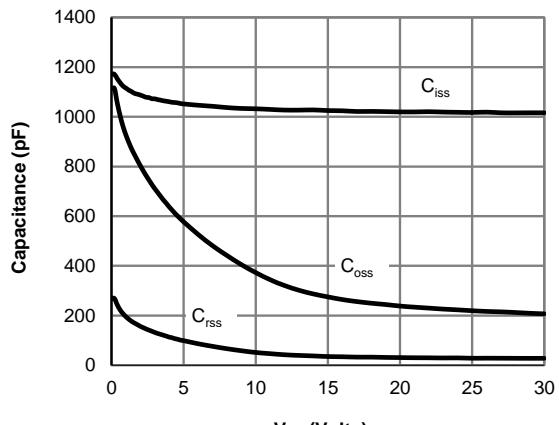
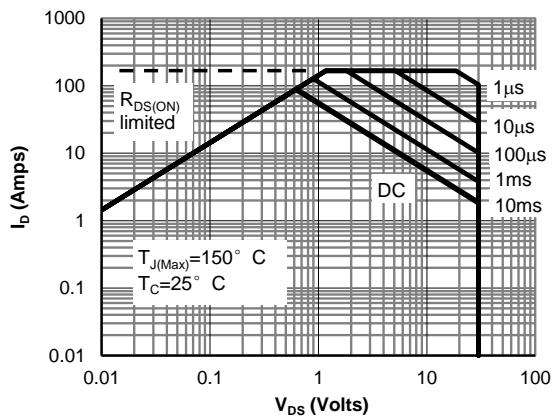
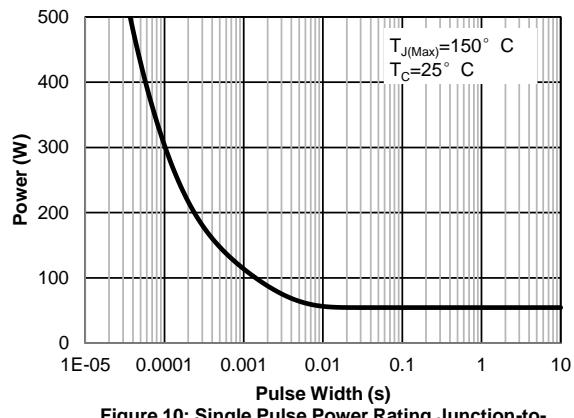
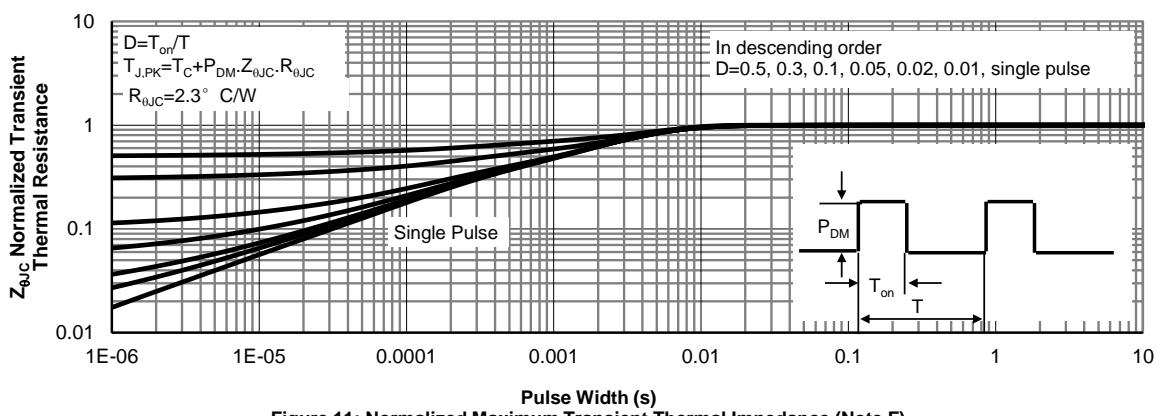
H. For application requiring slow >1ms turn-on/turn-off, please consult AOS FAE for proper product selection.

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)**

**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)**

**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)**

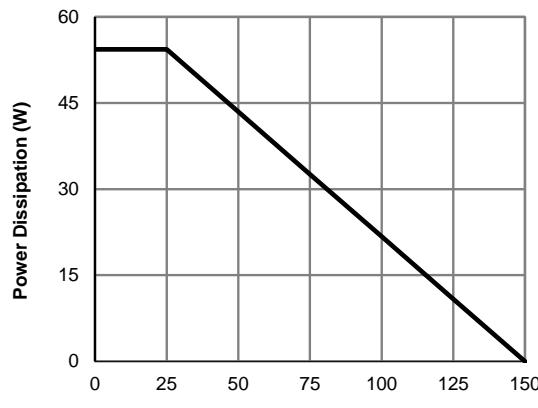
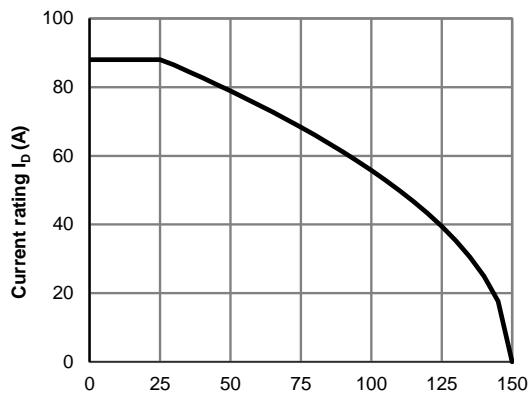
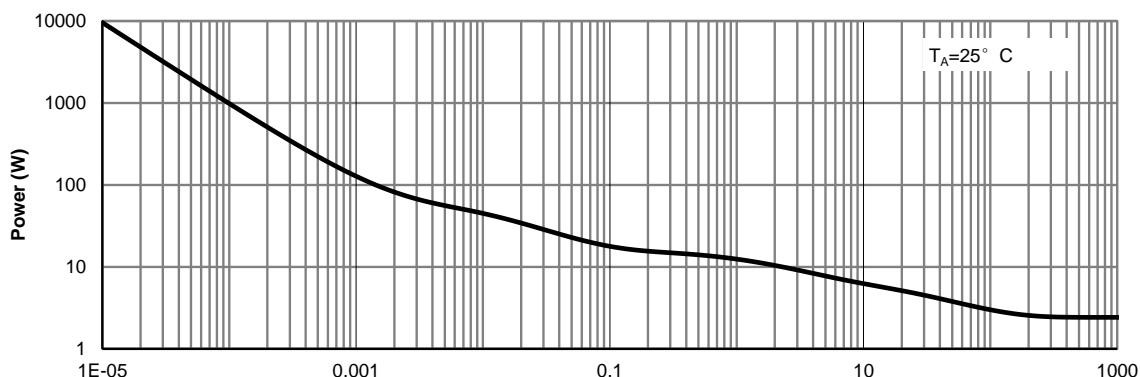
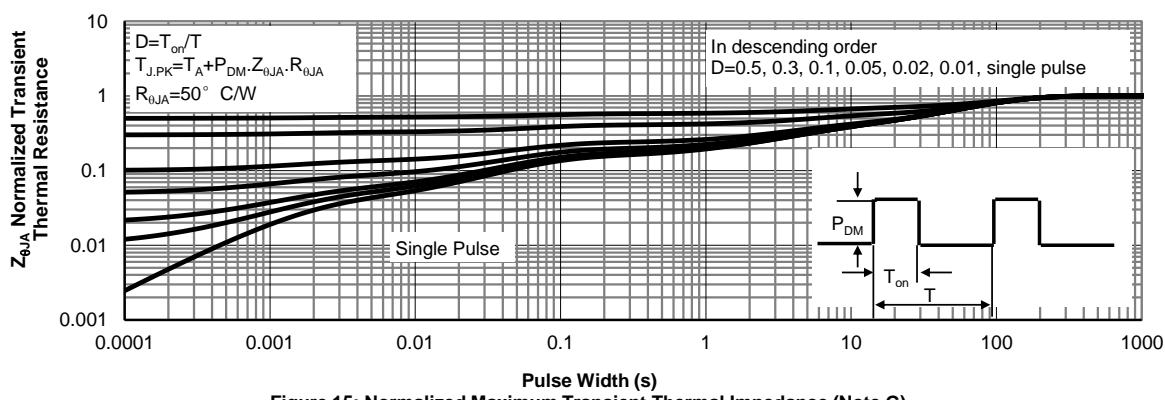
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)**

**Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note G)**

**Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)**

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

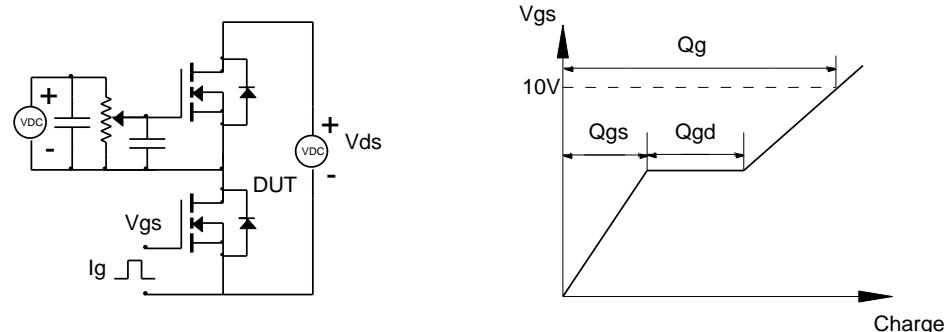


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

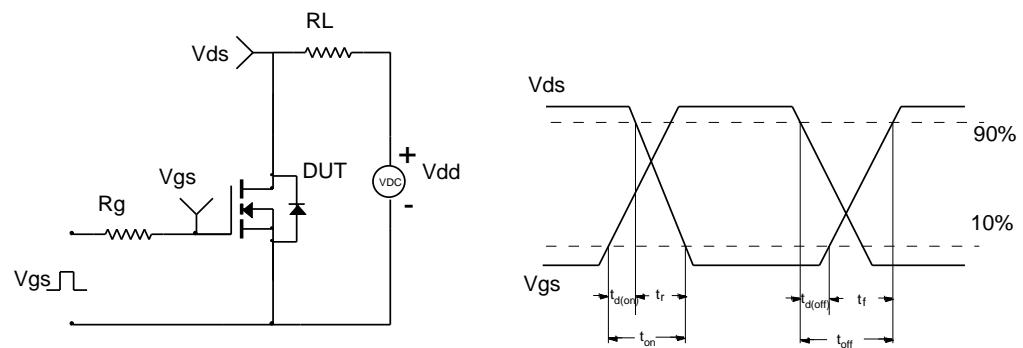


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

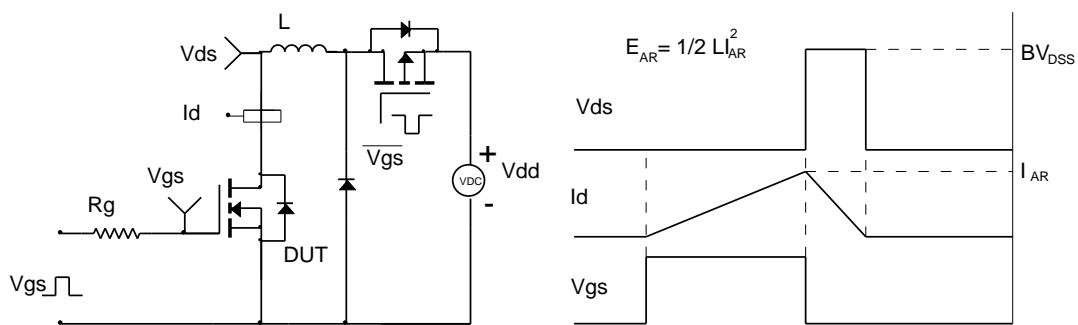


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

