



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AOT11S60L/AOB11S60L/AOTF11S60L/AOTF11S60**  
**600V 11A  $\alpha$ MOS™ Power Transistor**

### General Description

The AOT11S60L & AOB11S60L & AOTF11S60L & AOTF11S60 have been fabricated using the advanced  $\alpha$ MOS™ high voltage process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in switching applications. By providing low  $R_{DS(on)}$ ,  $Q_g$  and  $E_{OSS}$  along with guaranteed avalanche capability these parts can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

### Product Summary

$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	700V
$I_{DM}$	45A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	0.399Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	11nC
$E_{OSS} @ 400V$	2.7μJ

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



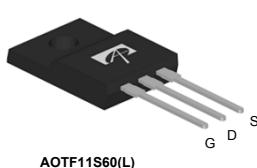
Top View

TO-220



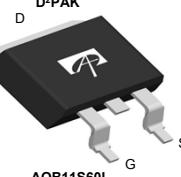
AOT11S60L

TO-220F(3kVAC;1s)

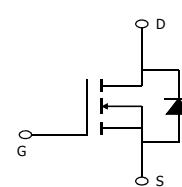


AOTF11S60(L)

TO-263



AOB11S60L



**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	AOT11S60L/AOB11S60L	AOTF11S60	AOTF11S60L	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	600			V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$		$\pm 30$		V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_D$	11	11*	11*	A
$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$		8	8*	8*	
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$					
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	45			
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	2			A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	60			mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>	$E_{AS}$	120			mJ
$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	178	38	29	W
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>		1.4	0.3	0.2	W/ °C
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100			V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt <sup>H</sup>		20			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150			°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds <sup>J</sup>	$T_L$	300			°C
<b>Thermal Characteristics</b>					
Parameter	Symbol	AOT11S60L/AOB11S60L	AOTF11S60	AOTF11S60L	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{JJA}$	65	65	65	°C/W
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{BCS}$	0.5	--	--	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{INC}$	0.7	3.25	4.3	°C/W

\* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	600	-	-	V
		I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C	650	700	-	
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	-	-	1	μA
		V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C	-	10	-	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±30V	-	-	±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	2.8	3.5	4.1	V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =3.8A, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	-	0.35	0.399	Ω
		V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =3.8A, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C	-	0.98	1.11	Ω
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =5.5A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	-	0.84	-	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current		-	-	11	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current <sup>C</sup>		-	-	45	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz	-	545	-	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		-	37.3	-	pF
C <sub>o(er)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>H</sup>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0 to 480V, f=1MHz	-	30.8	-	pF
C <sub>o(tr)</sub>	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>I</sup>		-	93.6	-	pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, f=1MHz	-	1.42	-	pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	-	16.5	-	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.5A	-	11	-	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge		-	2.8	-	nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge		-	3.8	-	nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.5A, R <sub>G</sub> =25Ω	-	20	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time		-	20	-	ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime		-	59	-	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time		-	20	-	ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =5.5A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V	-	250	-	ns
I <sub>rm</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I <sub>F</sub> =5.5A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V	-	21	-	A
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =5.5A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V	-	3.3	-	μC

A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. L=60mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=2A, V<sub>DD</sub>=150V, Starting T<sub>J</sub>=25° C

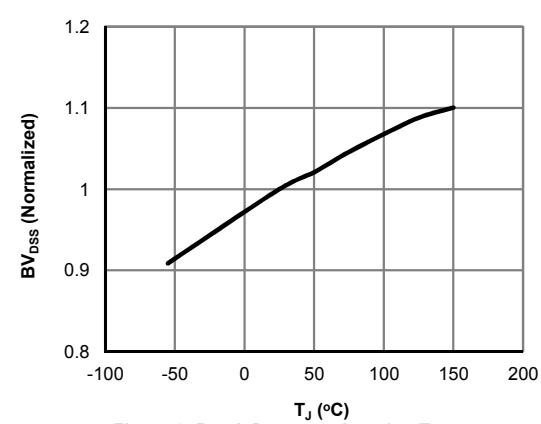
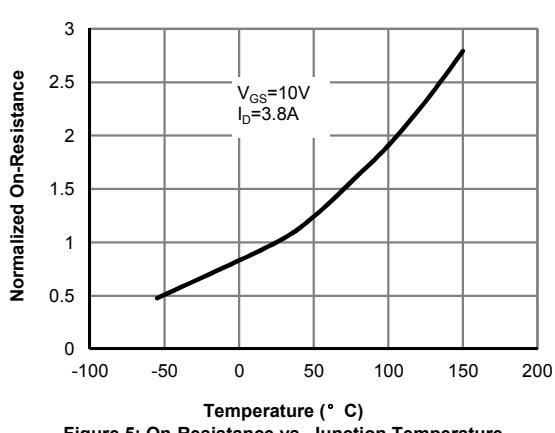
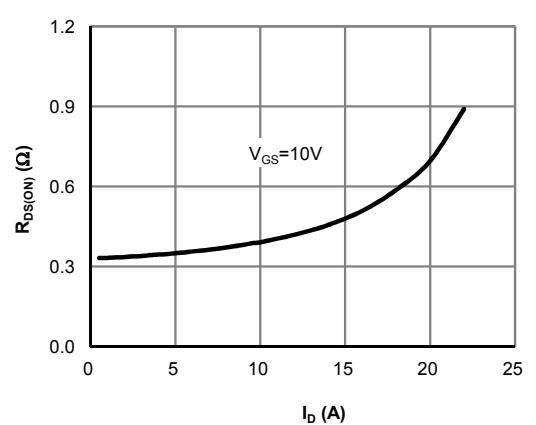
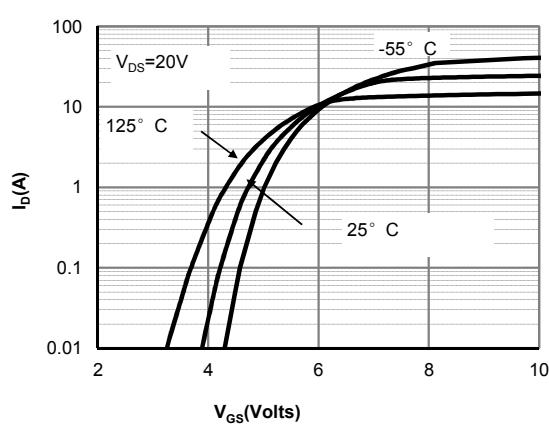
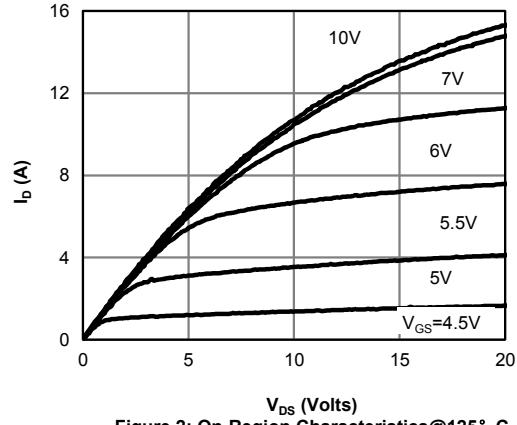
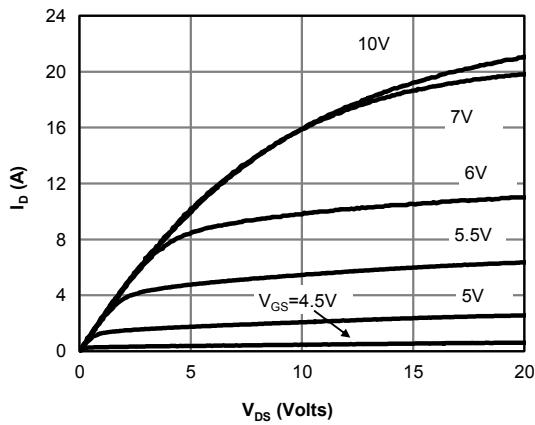
H. C<sub>o(en)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

I. C<sub>o(tr)</sub> is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C<sub>oss</sub> while V<sub>DS</sub> is rising from 0 to 80% V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>.

J. Wavesoldering only allowed at leads.

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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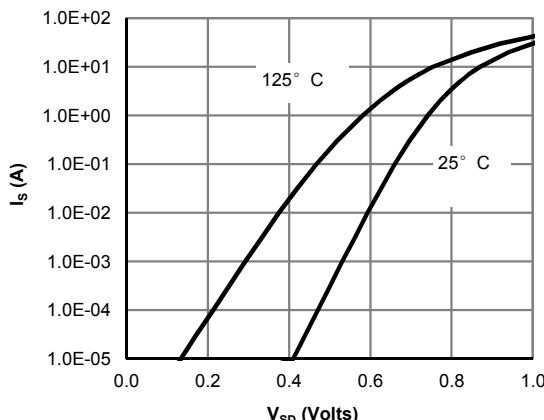


Figure 7: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

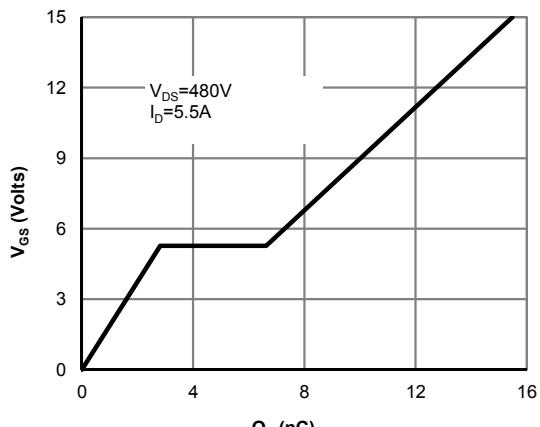


Figure 8: Gate-Charge Characteristics

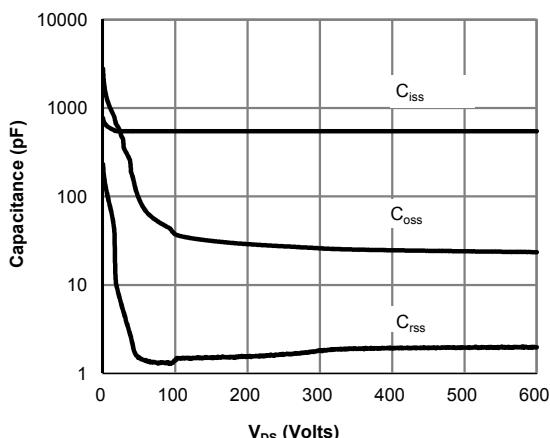


Figure 9: Capacitance Characteristics

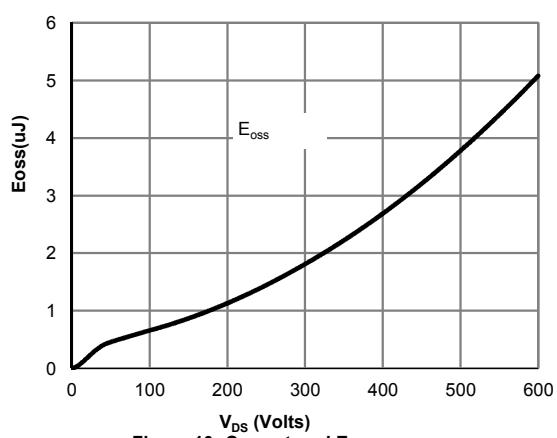


Figure 10: Coss stored Energy

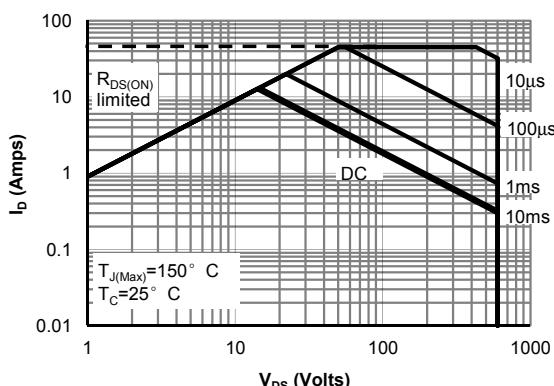


Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOT(B)11S60L (Note F)

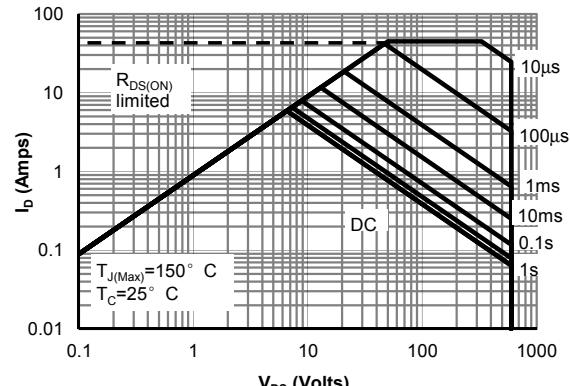
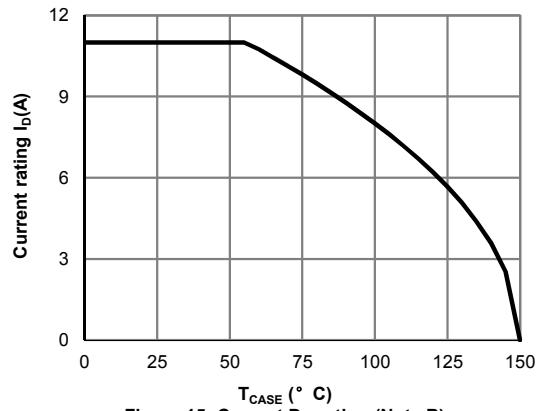
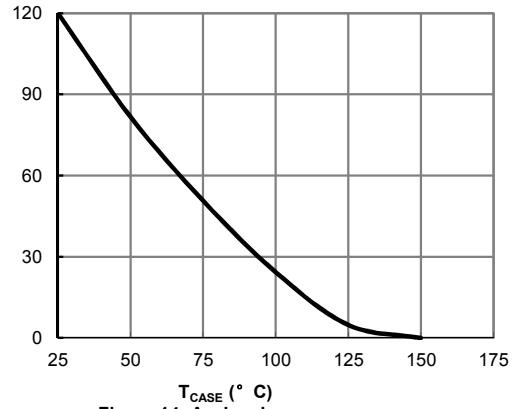
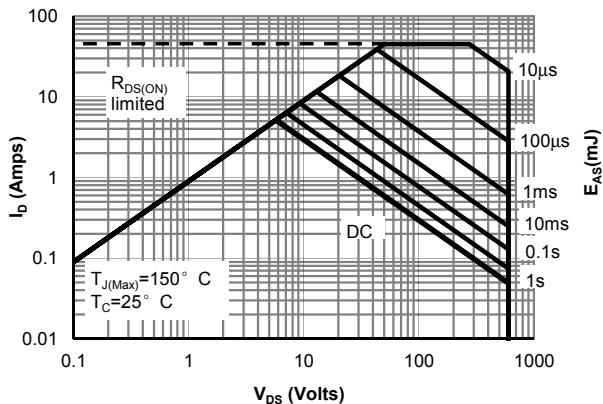


Figure 12: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF11S60 (Note F)

### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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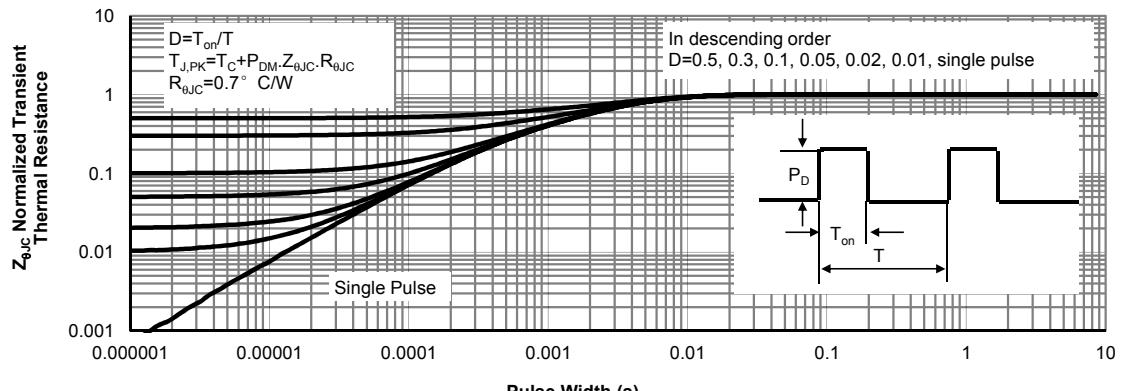


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOT(B)11S60L (Note F)

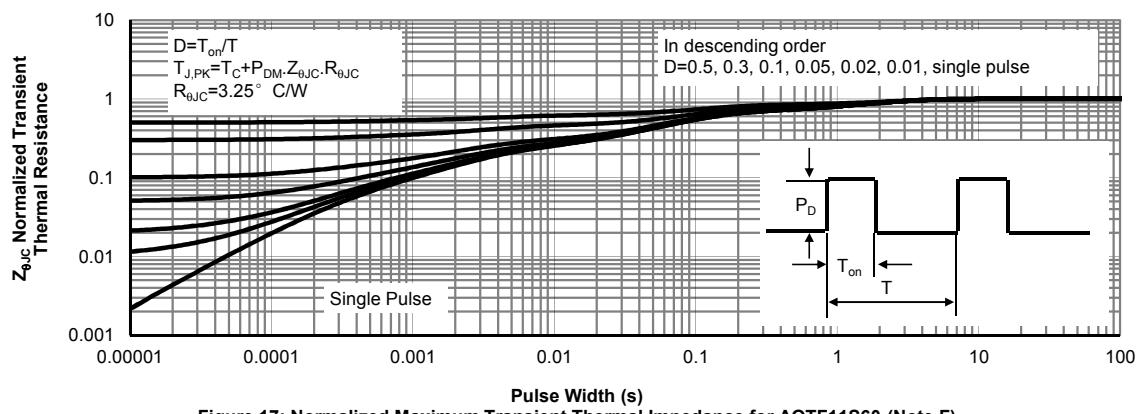


Figure 17: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF11S60 (Note F)

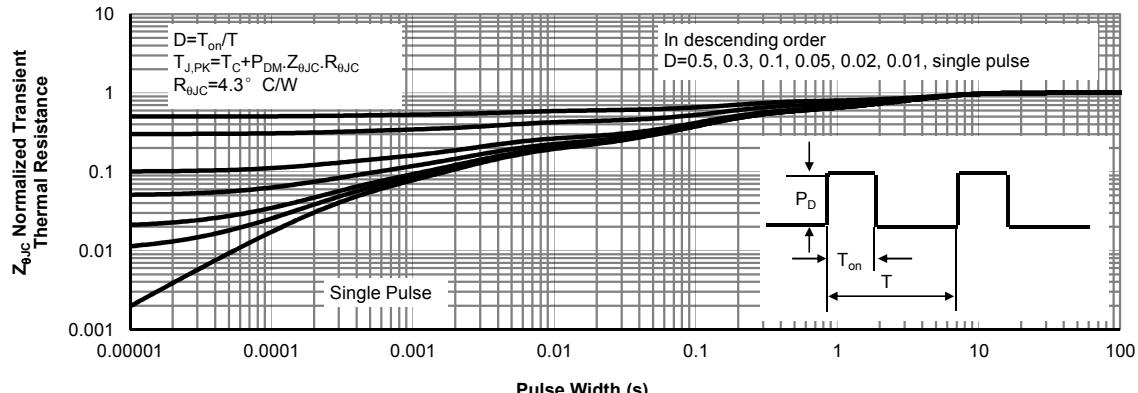
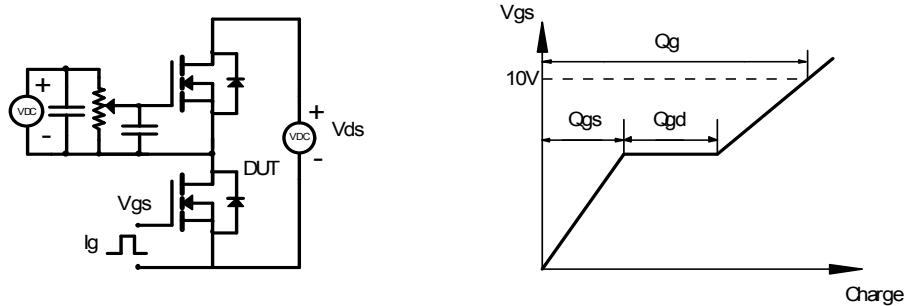
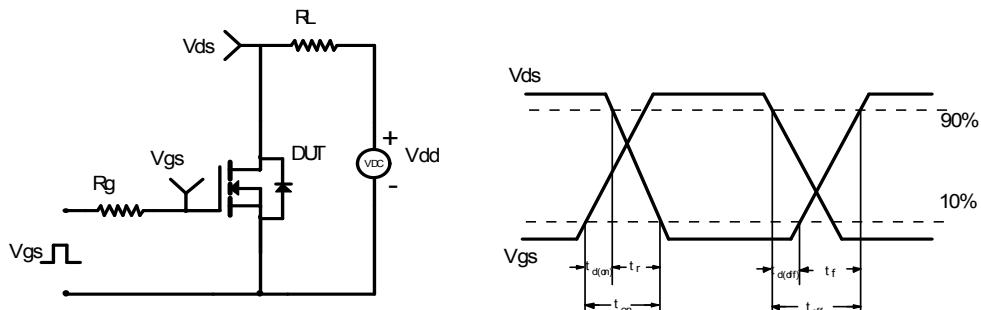
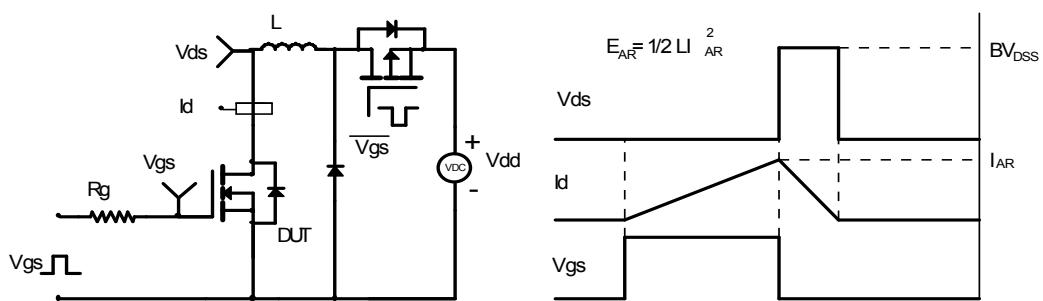


Figure 18: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF11S60L (Note F)

**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
